

# Future by Networking together to new technologies and innovation





BACKGROUND | KNOWLEDGE | THEORY

### Innovation

... is the commercialization of newly developed systems, products, processes or services.

... comprises building brands and the image of the company

### How innovation happens

Basic research – technology transfer for application Physic Nobelprice 2010 for Graphen Dr. Kostya Novoselov and Dr. Andre Geim

Development by chance

post-it:

Spencer Silver and Arthur Fry, 3M

### How innovation are developed

Within defined user groups

 e.g. advancement of the paraglider by integrating lead-users and creating customer communities

Cross-linking of different creative potentials to achieve cross-branch innovations

### **Reasons for innovation**

#### Dynamics in the increase of knowledge

Rapid growth of knowledge worldwide

- On average every minute a new chemical compound is successfully synthesized
- On average every three minutes an explanation for a new scientific correlation in physics is found

Rapid sharing of Information and knowledge by means of telecommunication

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### **Business Significance of Innovation**

#### **Consumer Products**

- Ca. 30 40 % of the products are younger than 3-4 years
- 35-60% of innovations fail

#### High-tech products, e.g. Automotive

- New model approx. every 5 years
- But every 2 3 years at least one new model in the portfolio of an OEM
- $\rightarrow$  Innovation is a perpetual task

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### Significance of Innovation in the long term

Innovation is driving economical development

Impact on economics:



Source: Vahs, D., Burmester, R., (2002): Innovationsmanagement – Von der Produktidee zur erfolgreichen Vermarktung –, 2. Aufl., Stuttgart

### **Objectives of Innovation**

To stay ahead of competition

To remain competitive

### **Types of Innovation**

### Disruptive = Business-model / Market-logics related

Radical = Technology-related

Sustaining = keeps existing business "up-to-date"

### **Statistics of the Success of Innovation**



### **5 Process Steps to Innovation**



According to: Herstatt, C., 1999. Theorie und Praxis der frühen Phasen des Innovationsprozesses. io Management, 68(10), pp. 72-81.

### Initiation

### Ways of generating innovative ideas

- Own creativity and experience
- Fairs and congresses
- Monitoring of market and competitors
- Transfer of ideas by working in interdisciplinary teams
- Suggestions from the operations
- Suggestions from the marketing
- Suggestions from suppliers
- Information from customers

### **Consideration of Global Megatrends**

Sustainability
Healthcare
Globalized demands
Simplicity
Differentiation
Lifestyle & Emotions

### **Details of Sustainability**



<<It is estimated that over 80% of all product-related environmental impacts are determined during the product design phase. Integrating environmental considerations as early as possible into the product development process is therefore the most effective way of introducing changes and improvements to products.>>

European Commission Proposal for Directive on Eco-design requirements for Energy-Using Products, Brussels, 1st Aug 2003

### **Involving Customers into Innovation**

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Customer informations	Consistent orientation on customer demands	High demand of time and money
	Validation of technological implications and reduced risk of failure	Reliability of conclusions not validated

→ Conclusion: customers are valuable sources for ideas and innovations. Validated processes for the involvement are necessary for reliable results.

### **Open Innovation – Important Parameters**

The concept of "Open Innovation" is related to user innovation, cumulative innovation, Know-How Trading, mass innovation and distributed innovation.

The paradigm of Closed innovation says that successful innovation requires control.

Throughout the years several factors emerged that paved the way for open innovation paradigms:

- The increasing availability and mobility of skilled workers
- The growth of the venture capital market
- External options for ideas sitting on the shelf
- The increasing capability of external suppliers

### **Closed vs. Open Innovation**



### **Key Processes in Open Innovation**

- 1. The **outside-in-process**: ideas and knowledge are generated outside of the enterprise and are integrated e.g. via trend scouting or customer and supplier involvement
- 2. The **inside-out-process**: internal ideas and technology developments are commercialized externally by licensing, spin-offs or knowledge transfer
- **3. Coupled processes**: use of both ways outside-in and insideout for joint development, e.g. in strategic cooperation or via networking

### **Collaborative Processes for Open Innovation**

# **Crowd-Intelligence**

# Strategic partnerships

# **Crowd-Funding**

## **Networks**

# **Crowd-Sourcing**



COOPERATION | COLLABORATION | TOOLS

BAYERN INNOVATIV AT A GLANCE	80.000 customers in 50 countries	116 Employees	annual turnover 16 million €
FOUNDED IN 1995	CHAIRMAN OF THE SUPERVISORY BOARD STATE SECRETARY FRANZ JOSEF SCHIERER	CEO Dr. MARKUS EDER	SHAREHOLDER <b>LfA</b> FÖRDERBANK BAYERN
INITIATION and SPEEDING UP of INNOVATION	INCREASE of TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER between industry and science as well as within industry	PLATFORMS for TECHNOLOGY SCOUTING and INITIATION of COOPERATION	BOARD OF TRUSTEES Representatives from SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER and INDUSTRY

### **COOPERATIVE INNOVATION?**

"Open Innovation is the use of purposive inflows and outflows of knowledge to accelerate internalinnovation, and expand the markets for external use of innovation, respictively."

Henry Chesbrough, Open Innovation: Researching a New Paradigm



### **Open Innovation at Bayern Innovativ**

B2B platforms for Networking between experts across technologies and branches with potential partners as well as customers Technology Scouting and Open Innovation

 $\rightarrow$  new cooperation for future innovations

Integration of technology partners and end consumers B2C

### **Designing Open Innovation platforms**

- Because 80% of all innovations are made from combinations of things already known, it is important to get input from outside
- Market surveys should be accompanied by trend surveys
- The innovation management process should be opened for inside-out, outside-in or coupled strategies
- IP-management is very important
- Make use of customer and supplier knowledge, even from different branches
- Strategic cooperation and networking are suitable forms of collaboration
- The biggest hindrance in open innovation is not the strategic process, but the nonacceptance due to the new ways of thinking

### **Set of Activities – Open Innovation**

Broad and interdisciplinary congresses More specific cooperation platforms Group meetings in innovative companies and institutes Management of project circles Structuring projects and project teams from industry and science Navigation to public research funds (Bavaria – Germany – EU) Condensing innovation ideas





### **Developing Sustainable Networks**



conception, organisation, marketing



EVENTS Conferences I Workshops I Partnering-Events

#### COOPERATIONS

Network Management I Joint Projects I Working groups I Partner matching I Consortia formation

#### **MARKET ACCESS**

Joint booths and trade fairs I Market intelligence I Key contacts

FUNDING

KNOWLEDGE Extensive knowledge pool and transfer via various communication channels

#### KEY ACTIVITIES – SERVICES Our services to support innovation





COOPERATION | COLLABORATION | TOOLS

#### Topic

### material

#### **Briefly**



#### **NETWORKS AND AREA OF EXPERTISE**

New Materials Textil, Wood, Bionic, Biopolymers

### TOPICS

Events Project finding Trend scouting Network Management Contact sharing

**NETWORK** 



**TEAM** 

# Example of an Open Innovation platform managed by Bayern Innovativ



www.cluster-neuewerkstoffe.de



Sustainable Network in the field of New Materials

### **Example for cluster prerequisites in Bavaria**

#### Key economic figures concerning materials dominated businesses

- Two thirds of technological innovations are based of materials (Source: VDI-Gesellschaft Werkstofftechnik).
- Materials based industries in Germany (excluding building & construction) produce an annual turnover of approximately 1 billion Euro and have about 5 million employees (*Quelle: BMBF, Werkstoffwelten, 2005*).
- The cost of materials in the German industry is approximately 40% of the gross production costs (*Source: Arthur D. Little*).



Since the 1990ies material costs have been continuously rising

Source: "Rohstoffe für Zukunftstechnologien" FhG ISI + IZT, 2009



### Materials Technology in Bavaria.



- Materials Research
- Raw Material Production
- Materials Processing
- Automotive
- Aerospace
- Energy Technology
- Mechanical Engineering
- Medical Technology
- Electronics
  - **Textile Industry**

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#### **Cluster New Materials**

#### briefly

#### Network Numbers

470 Actors with 350 Companies and 120 Instituts 64 Cluster-Partners 18 Events with 1.350 Participants

Light Weight Design, **Additive** Manufacturing, Multi **Material Prozess Chain** 

CROSS **TOPICS**  **Sustainability Demographic Change** Globalisation **Ressource Effizenzie** 

#### **MEGATRENDS**



**k**messwerk

WiProNa-

#### Cluster **Spokesmen**



#### **TOPIC FIELDS**

Materials for printed electronics Technical ceramics and glass

Polymers – properties and processing Technical textiles

Fiber reinforced materials

**Lightweight materials** 

**Functionalised surfaces** 

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Advisory Board from **Industry and Sciencen** 

64 Cluster Partners

#### **Services**

Networking **Project Support Events** Information Marketing **Services on Demand** 

#### **CLUSTER** MANAGEMENT





#### **Projects**

More than **30** Projects performing an overall budget of more than 37 Mio. €

### **Cluster New Materials – Structure**



### **Cluster-Partner**



### What's "new" about New Materials?

LED-cooler made from boron nitride compound

Novel physico-chemical Properties



Known material with new applications



Interdependance of processes and materials properties





### **Innovation Drivers**





### **Network Development**

Basic needs:

Information transfer Knowledge transfer Fast meeting of needs within the network Stimulation of innovation Access to experts Exploitation of cooperation partners Valorization of funding Professional network management

### WiProNa "We are producing sustainability"



ZIM-Cooperation Network

Funding by the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy of Germany in the frame of the funding program ZIM (central innovation programme for SMEs)

Duration first funding period: 01.10.2014 - 30.09.2015

Network management by Bayern Innovativ / Cluster New Materials

Network partners:



### **Network Goals WiProNa**

Communication and establishing sustainability in the companies

Realization of sustainable processes and products along the value chain, e.g.

- Waste avoidance/recycling
- Use of secondary materials
- Eco-Design and marketing of new products
- Cost efficiency

Set-up competences in sustainability

Build up a basis for

- Cooperation
- New added value partnerships

Initiation and realization of R&D projects in order to strengthen technology, innovation and market position



WiProNa

Neue Werkstoffe

### WiProNa

Cluster Neue Werkstoffe



#### Technology fields

Construction/flood protection

**Construction/Green Buildings** 

Logistics/packing

**Technical textiles** 

Clothing

Medical engineering



# **Cooperativ Innovation**

**Thermal Management** 

# **Cooperativ Innovation**



2008: Cluster-Meeting " Ceramic fillers for thermal management in plastic products" at ESK Ceramics

2008 - 2009: Cluster-Circle "Fillers for plastic products "





2012: FAKUMA Presentation of an LED cooling body with boronitride as filler from RF Plast

Cluster Neue Werkstoffe

# **Cooperativ Innovation**

**Haptics and Comfort** 

# **Cooperativ Innovation**



ZIM Project "damped construction equiment"

- Vogt Baugeräte
- CG Tec
- Kraiburg Composites Application



know-how.at

High tech fibre reinforced composite slab with outstanding haptic and mechanic properties

- CG Tec,
- Kraiburg Composites Application
- creaholics

# Questions?

#### Contact

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