



TRIMET Aluminium SE

Aluminium Reduction –

Challenges and Opportunities under changing market conditions

Dr. Till Reek
till.reek@trimet.de

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The image shows a vast industrial facility, likely an aluminum smelter or refinery. The ceiling is a complex, vaulted structure with a central skylight and rows of industrial lights. The floor is a wide, polished concrete path that leads into the distance. On either side of the path, there are rows of large, dark-colored industrial machinery, possibly electrolytic cells or casting equipment. The overall atmosphere is one of a large-scale, modern industrial operation.

TRIMET Aluminium SE

Global aluminium market

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Current market situation - the bad



Preisverfall: Ex-Siemens-Chef schließt größte Alu-Hütte in den USA

Mit Aluminium lässt sich kaum noch Geld verdienen, das zwingt den US-Konzern Alcoa zu einer Schrumpfkur: Das größte Werk in den USA muss dichtmachen, ein deutscher Manager wickelt es ab.

Spiegel.de, 8.1.2016

Rio Tinto to reconsider sale process for its Australian aluminium smelter assets

☰ CATEGORY

⚙️ DETAIL

Metal and Mineral giant Rio Tinto is re-considering sale of its aluminium assets at three of its Australian smelters- Tasmania's Bell Bay, Queensland's Boyne and New South Wales' Tomago and is seeking buyers for the same. The dual-listed miner has engaged an investment bank to handle the entire selling operations.

AlCircle.com 23.8.2016

Bosnian govt to resume sale of Aluminij d.d. Mostar

The government of Bosnia and Herzegovina announced its plans to offer stake in Aluminij d.d. Mostar aluminium smelter, which will be put up for sale by end of 2016, reported Goran Djukanovic on Aluminium Insider. The sale process forms a part of a pr ...

AlCircle.com 25.8.2016

38% of Chinese smelters bearish toward aluminium prices this week, SMM survey

38% of the 42 Chinese aluminium smelters surveyed by SMM are bearish toward this week's aluminium prices. Those pessimists fear that LME aluminium will fall below USD 1,500/mt and that SHFE 1603 aluminium will drop below RMB 10,500/mt. They argue ...

Aluminium futures weaken on overseas cues, shed 0.10 per cent

Aluminium prices were down 0.10 per cent to INR 100.70 per kg in futures trade today as investors cut down their bets amid weak Asian cues and sluggish demand in the domestic spot market. In futures trading at the Multi Commodity Exchange, alumini ...

AlCircle Newsletter 29.12.2015

Marktbericht

Industriemetalle schwächeln zu Jahresbeginn

Zum Jahresauftakt ziehen die schwachen chinesischen Aktienmärkte nicht nur die anderen asiatischen Aktienmärkte mit nach unten, sondern wirken sich darüber hinaus auch negativ auf die Metallpreise aus. So wurden teilweise Kursverluste in Höhe von mehr als 3% verzeichnet.

Trimet Newsletter 5.1.2016

Alcoa Portland smelter under threat of closure as power subsidy axed by Victorian Government

By Bridget Judd

Posted 30 May 2016, 11:06am

The end of a decades-long power subsidy is threatening the future of Portland's smelter, putting at risk the Victorian coastal community's economy.



Abc.net.au - 30.05.2016

Current market situation - the good

Russia's RUSAL to start Boguchansk aluminium smelter in H1

Russia's Rusal Plc plans to start its new Boguchansk aluminium smelter in the first half of 2016, the company said on Wednesday, after reporting a 53 percent slide in its fourth-quarter core profit. Rusal, the world's largest aluminium producer, h ...

ALCircle 10.3.2016

Vietnam looks to build 300,000-tpy aluminium smelter by 2016

Vietnam is building a 300,000-tpy capacity aluminium smelter in Dac Nong province that is expected to come online next year, Murray Lines, ceo, Stratum Resources Australia said at a conference last week.

MetallBulletin 26.10.2015

Alba sees Line 6 expansion project on track

BAHRAIN, December 14, 2015

Aluminium Bahrain (Alba), one of the world's largest aluminium smelters, said that work on its Line 6 expansion project, estimated to cost \$3.5 billion, was on track for completion by January 2019.

Trade Arabia 14.12.2015

China unstoppable at 2.69mt; August aluminium output continue growing

China is simply not showing any signs of slowing down. The momentum at which the country has been churning out aluminium in the last several months is still continuing. Analysts at the Shanghai Metals Market (SMM) are of the opinion that aluminium pr ...

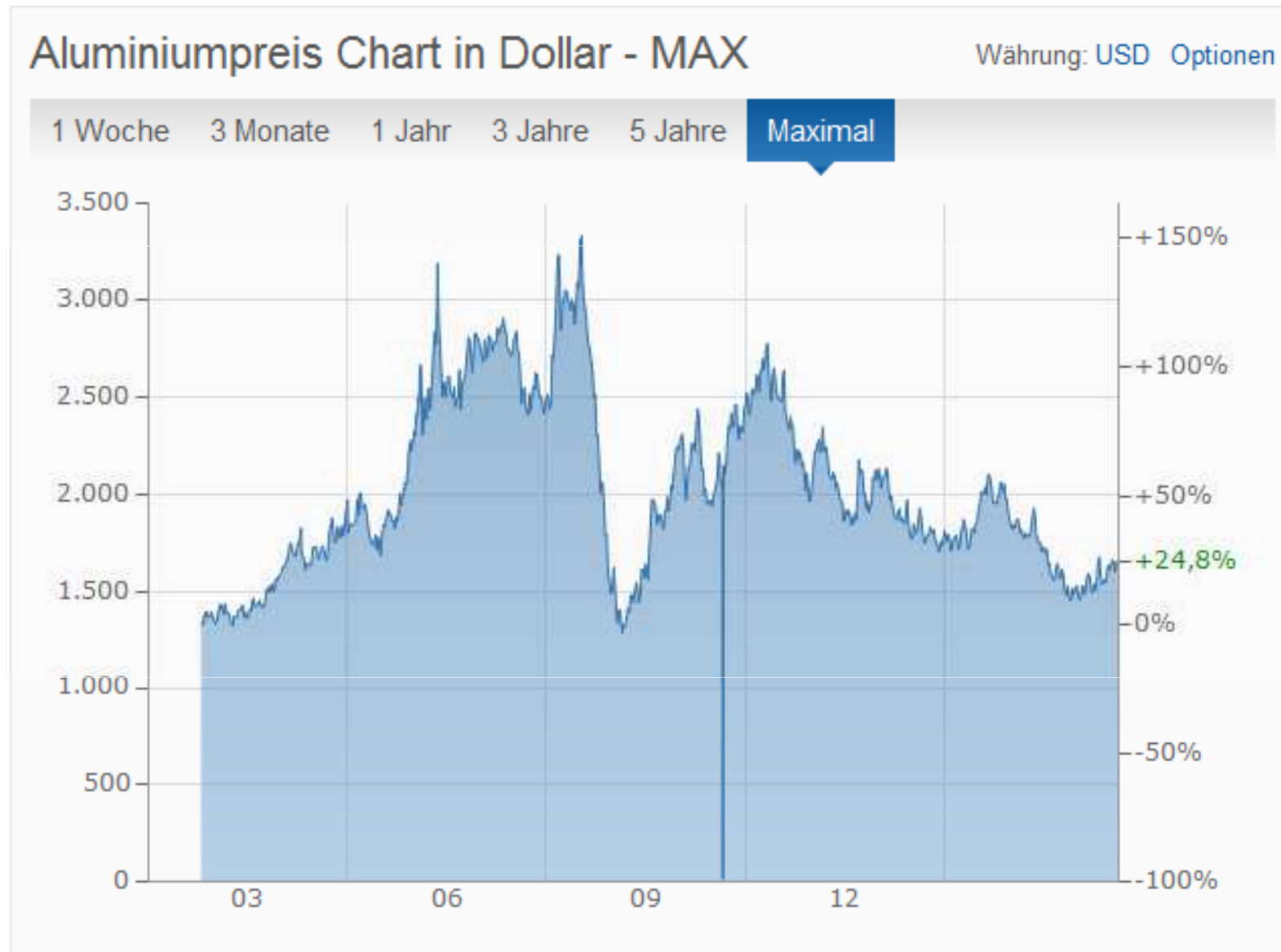
ALCircle.com 24.8.2016

London Metall Exchange



Finanzen.net 15.8.2016

London Metall Exchange

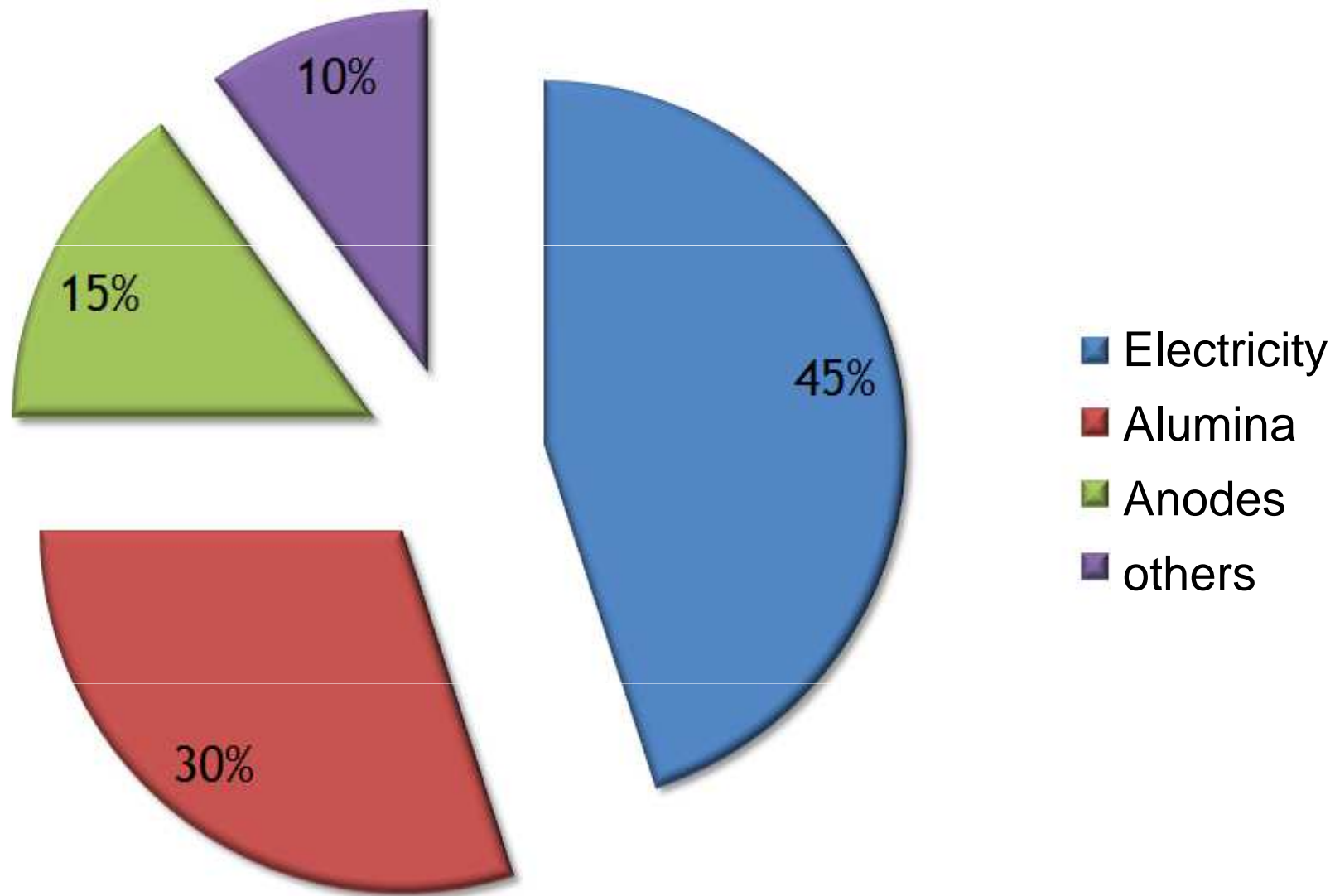


Finanzen.net 15.8.2016

Compared to main energy carriers



Cost structure for primary aluminium production **trimet**



German Energy Market



**LME and Phelix Baseload follow the same trends at the moment,
Resulting in acceptable conditions**

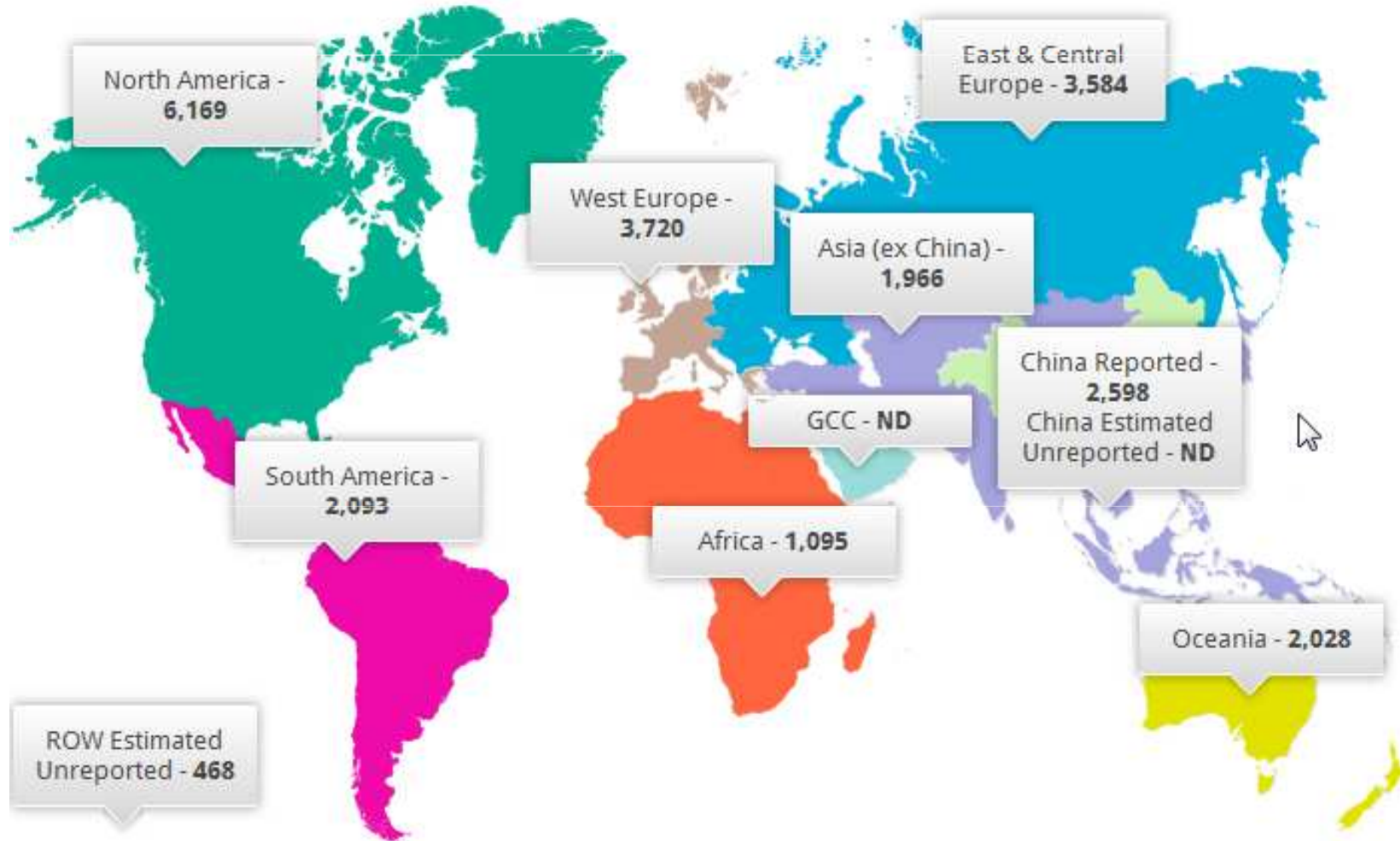
A large, cylindrical industrial aluminum pot is the central focus, resting on a yellow-painted metal base. The pot has a weathered, metallic surface with some discoloration and is equipped with various fittings and handles. In the background, a complex industrial environment is visible, featuring pipes, machinery, and structural elements. A semi-transparent blue horizontal band is superimposed over the middle of the image, containing white text. The text reads 'Globale Produktion' in a large, bold, sans-serif font. Below this, in a smaller blue font, are the words 'trifmet aluminium' and the number '50000000'.

Globale Produktion

trifmet aluminium
50000000

Aluminium production 1999

Total for 1999: 23,721 thousand metric tonnes of aluminium



Aluminium production 2014

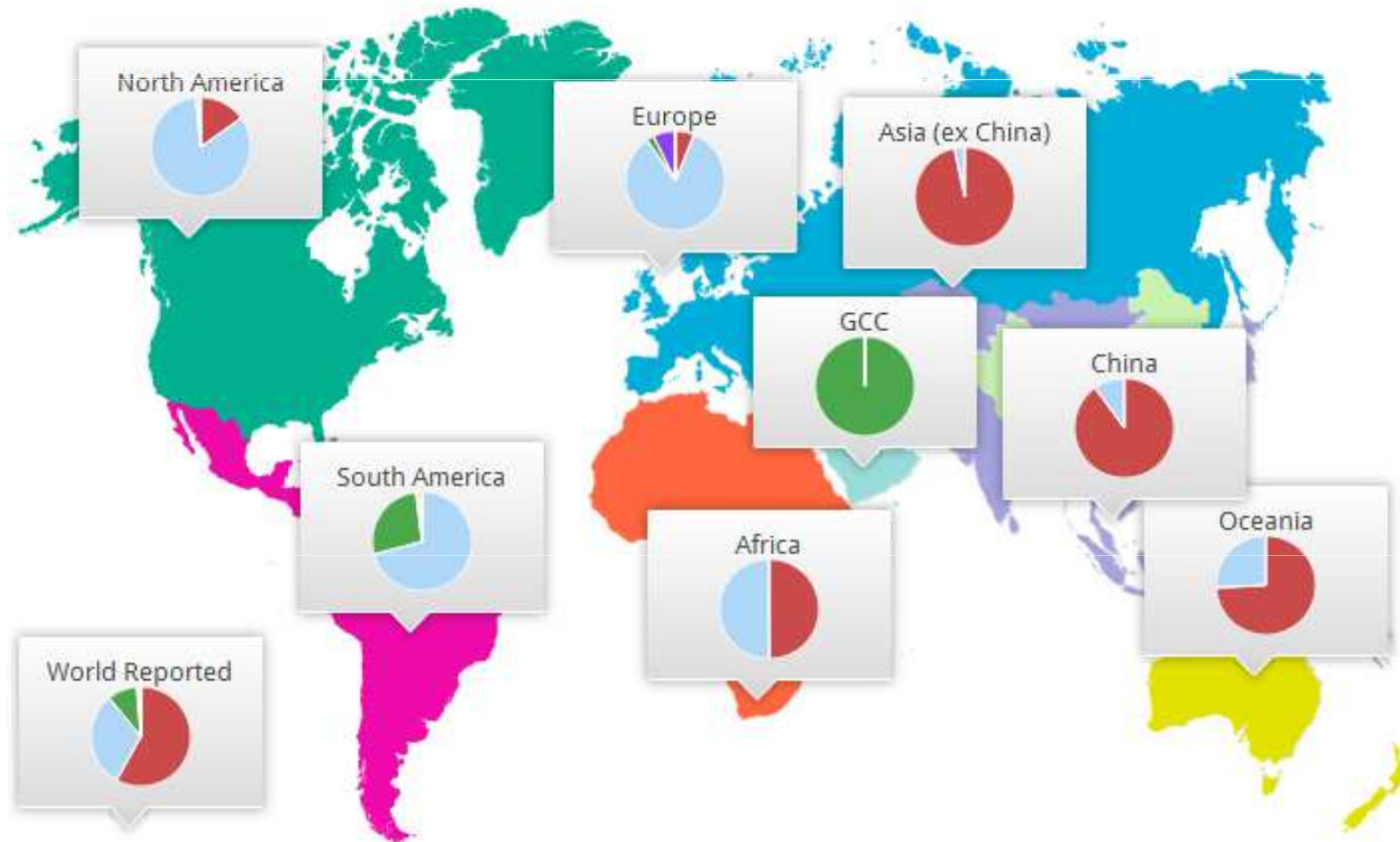
Total for Jan 2014 to Dec 2014: 53,127 thousand metric tonnes of aluminium



Energy source for aluminium production (2014)



World Reported for 2014: 690,170 Gigawatt hours (GWh) (power mix)



Hydro

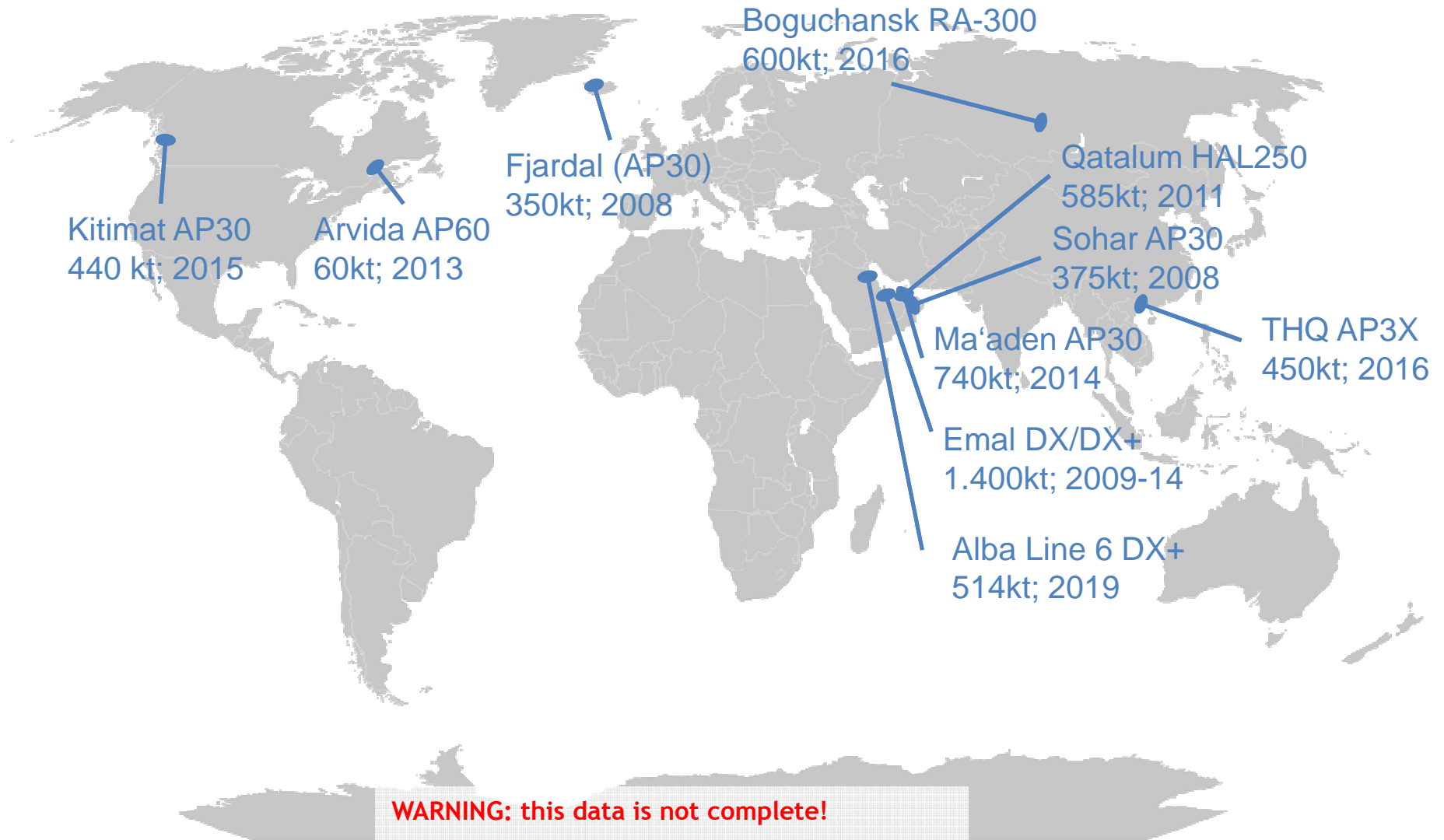
coal

gas

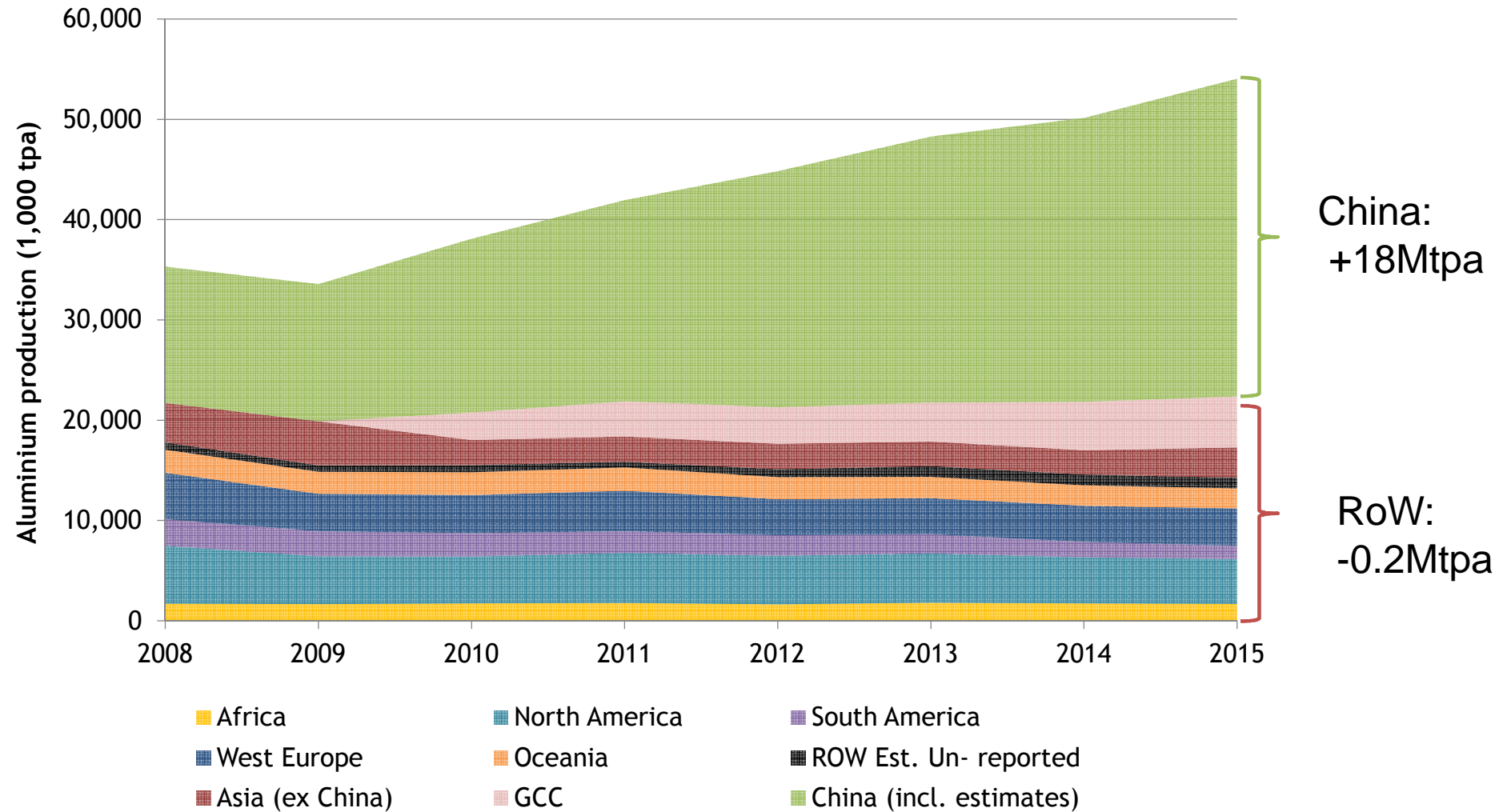
nuclear

Latest potroom projects (excluding China)

since 2008



Quantitative development of Al production





Content

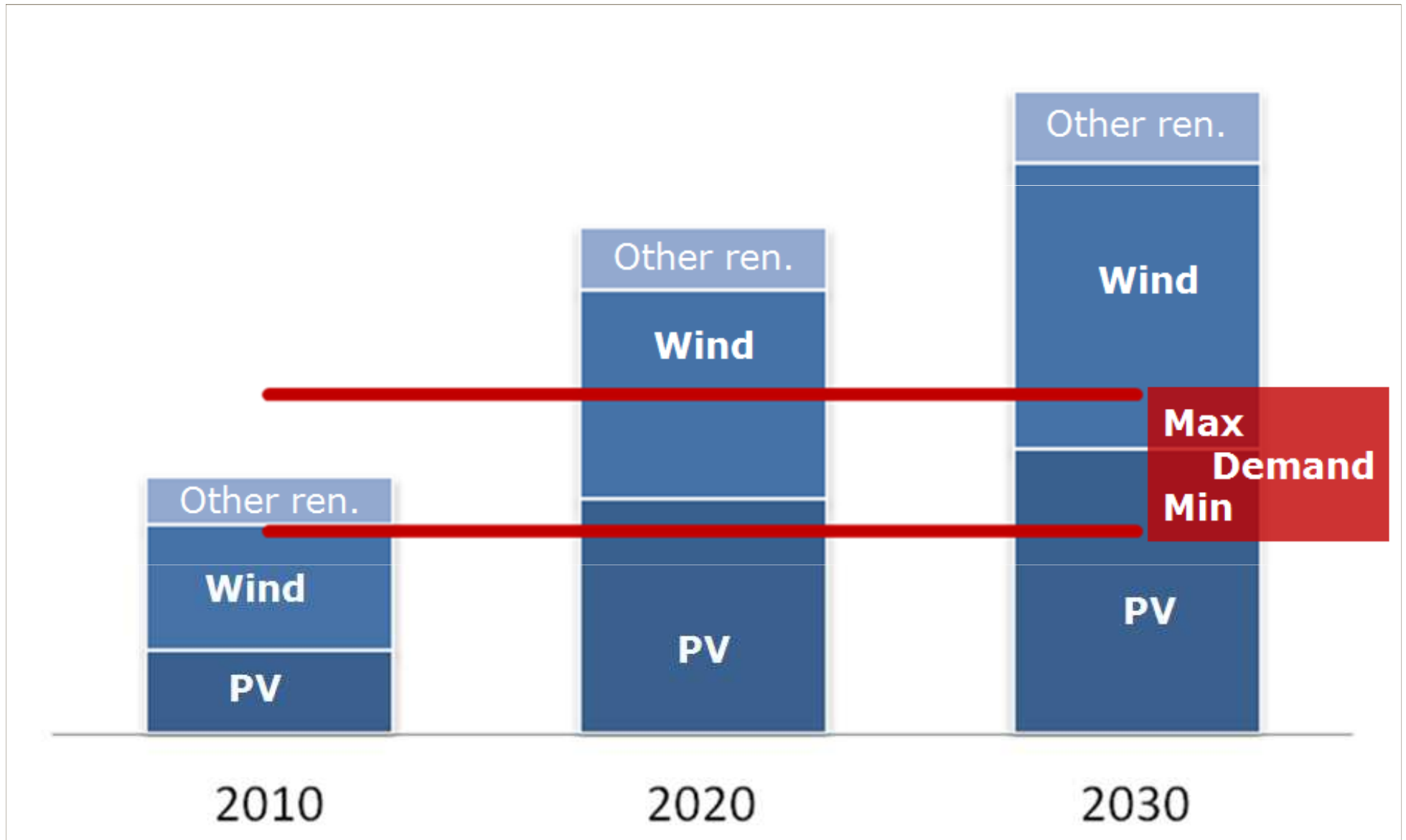
The „Virtual Battery“

- Why
- What
- How

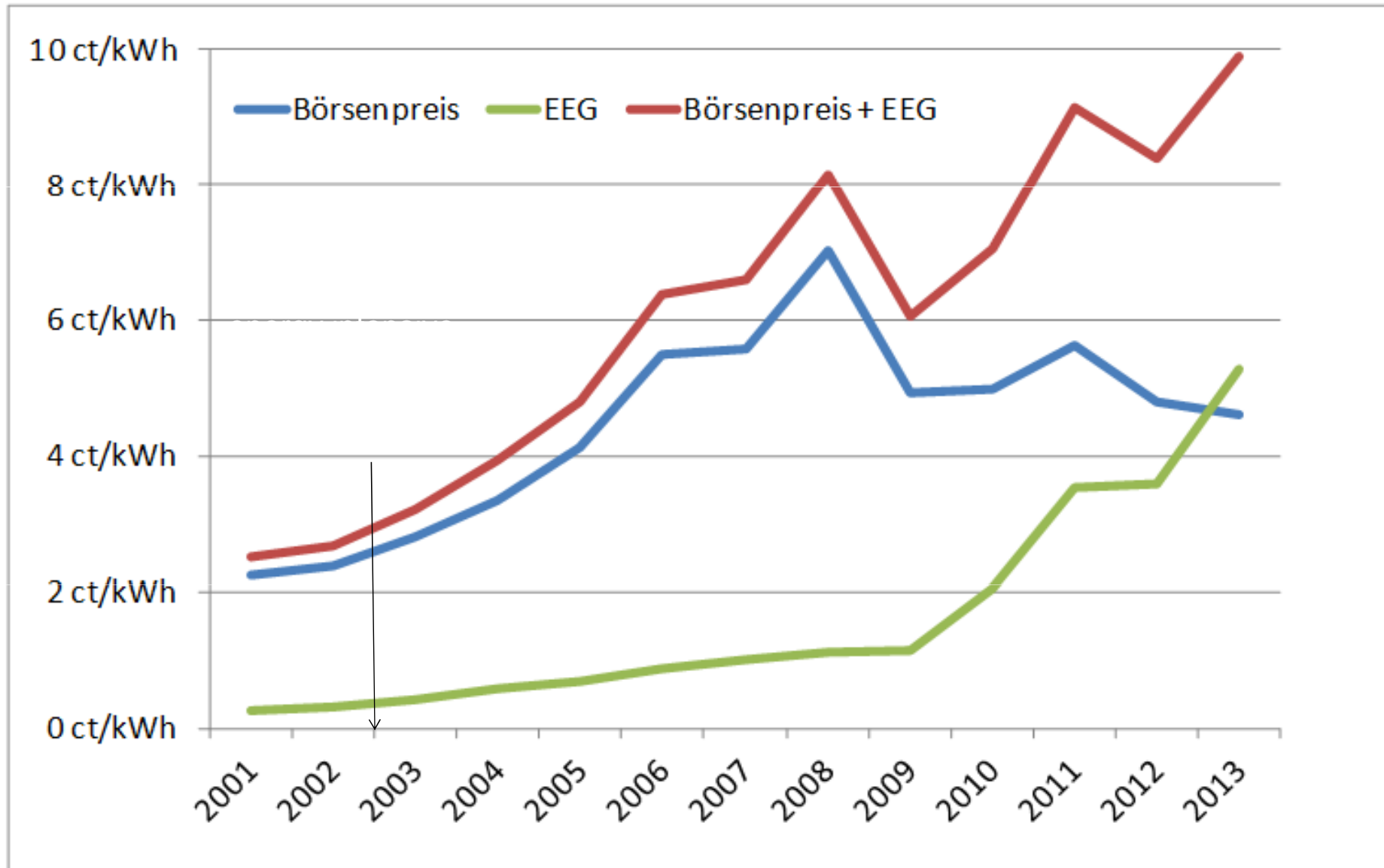
A photograph of a solar farm with rows of solar panels in the foreground and a tall industrial smokestack in the background under a clear blue sky.

Virtual Battery - Why?

Installed capacity renewable energies Germany



Consequence for total energy price



Energy politics

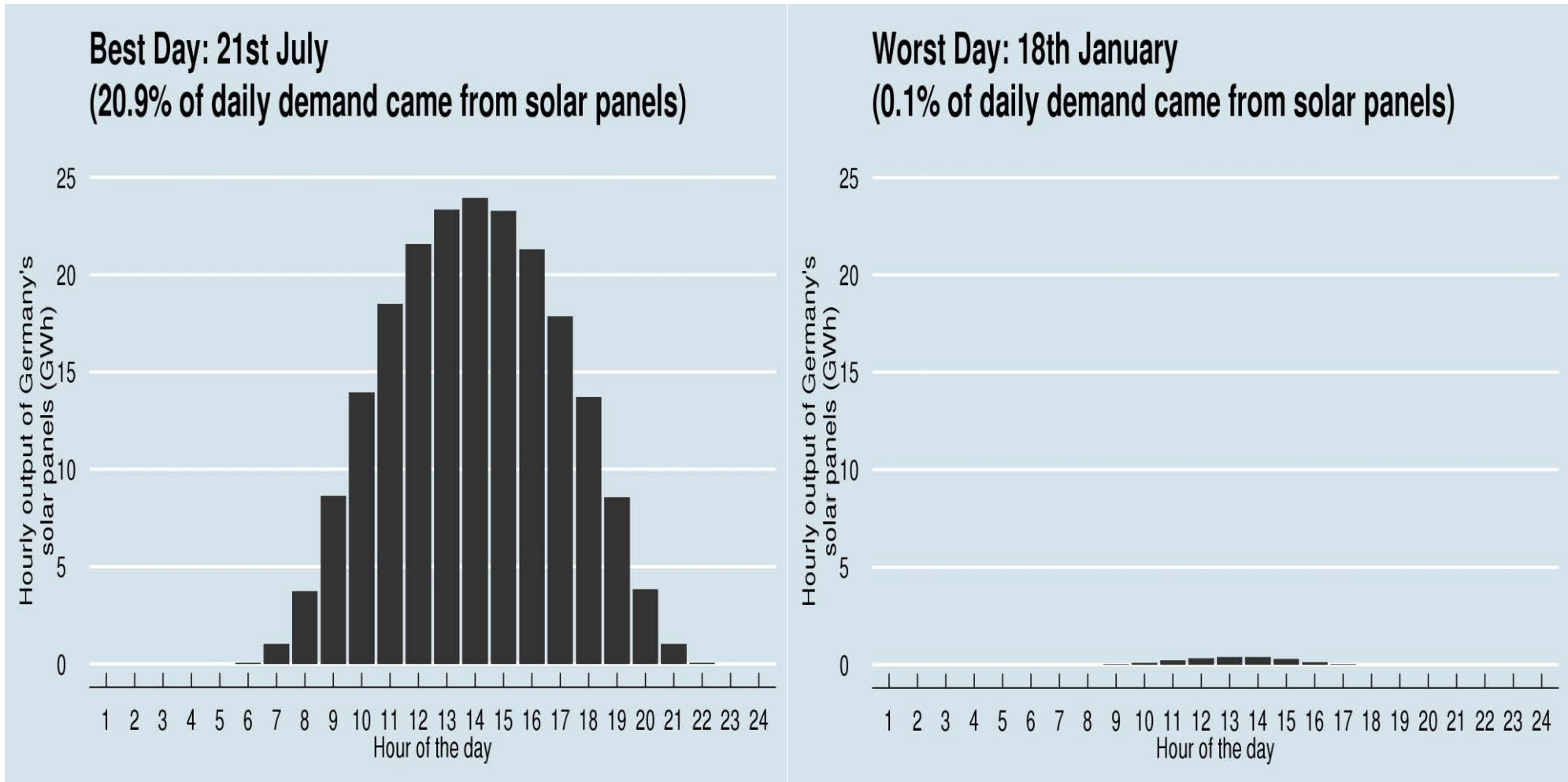


The Biggest Challenge:

How to keep the power grid stable?



Volatility - an example from 2013



Public view of industry has changed



but everyone wants a car like this

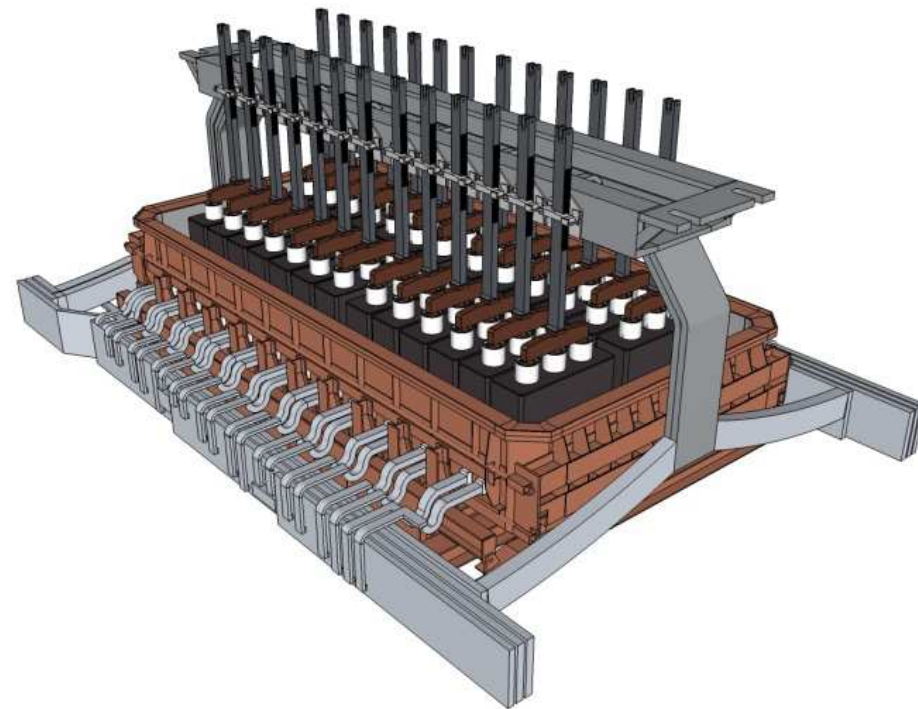
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2 Questions

How do we survive financially?

How do we survive socially?



Annual energy demand TRIMET:

8 TWh = 8,000,000,000 kWh



+1 ct/kWh



Added costs:
80 million €

What's next?

„Marriage“ of
Industry
and
Energy Transition

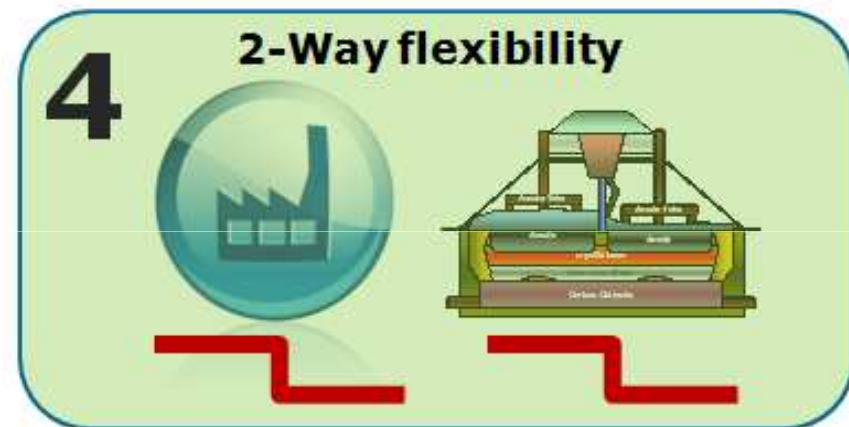
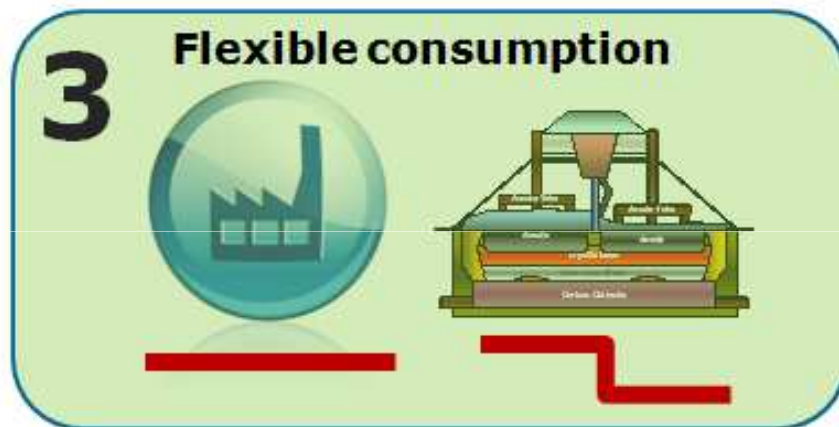
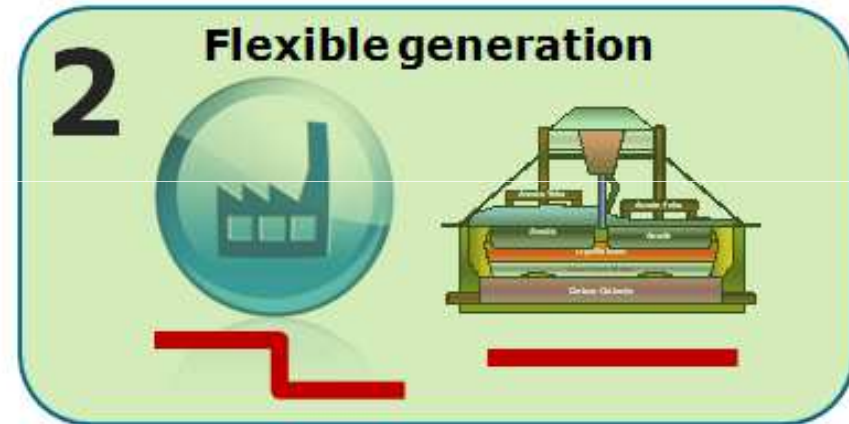
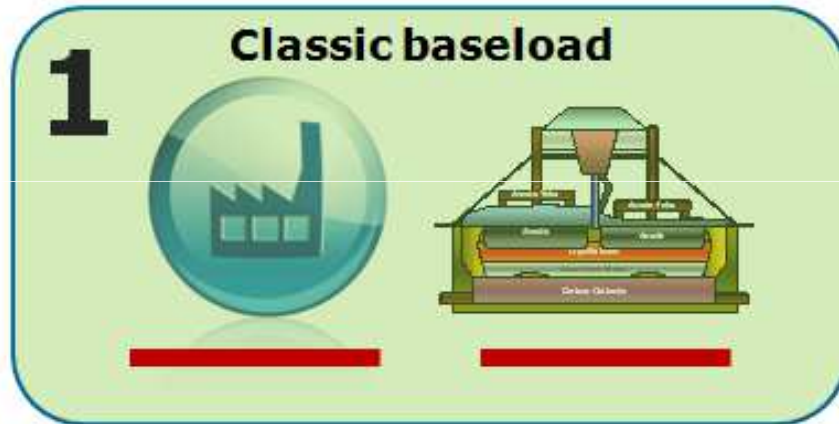


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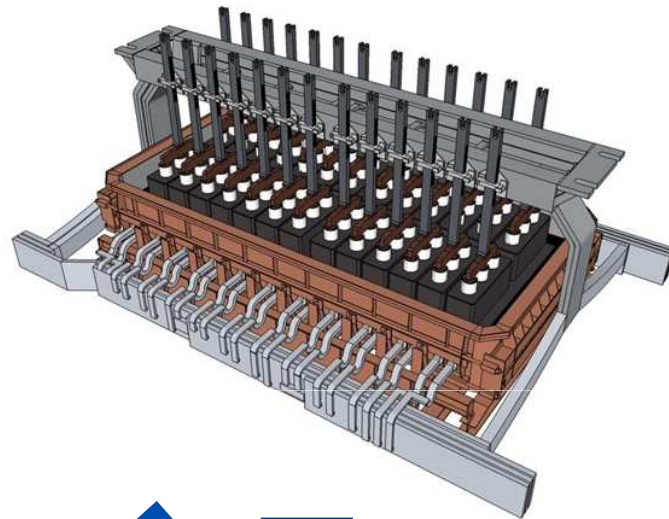
Virtual Battery - What?

50000000

Generation & consumption



Energy-intensive industry as a buffer between volatile energy generation & variable demand



Potential contributions by the energy intensive industry

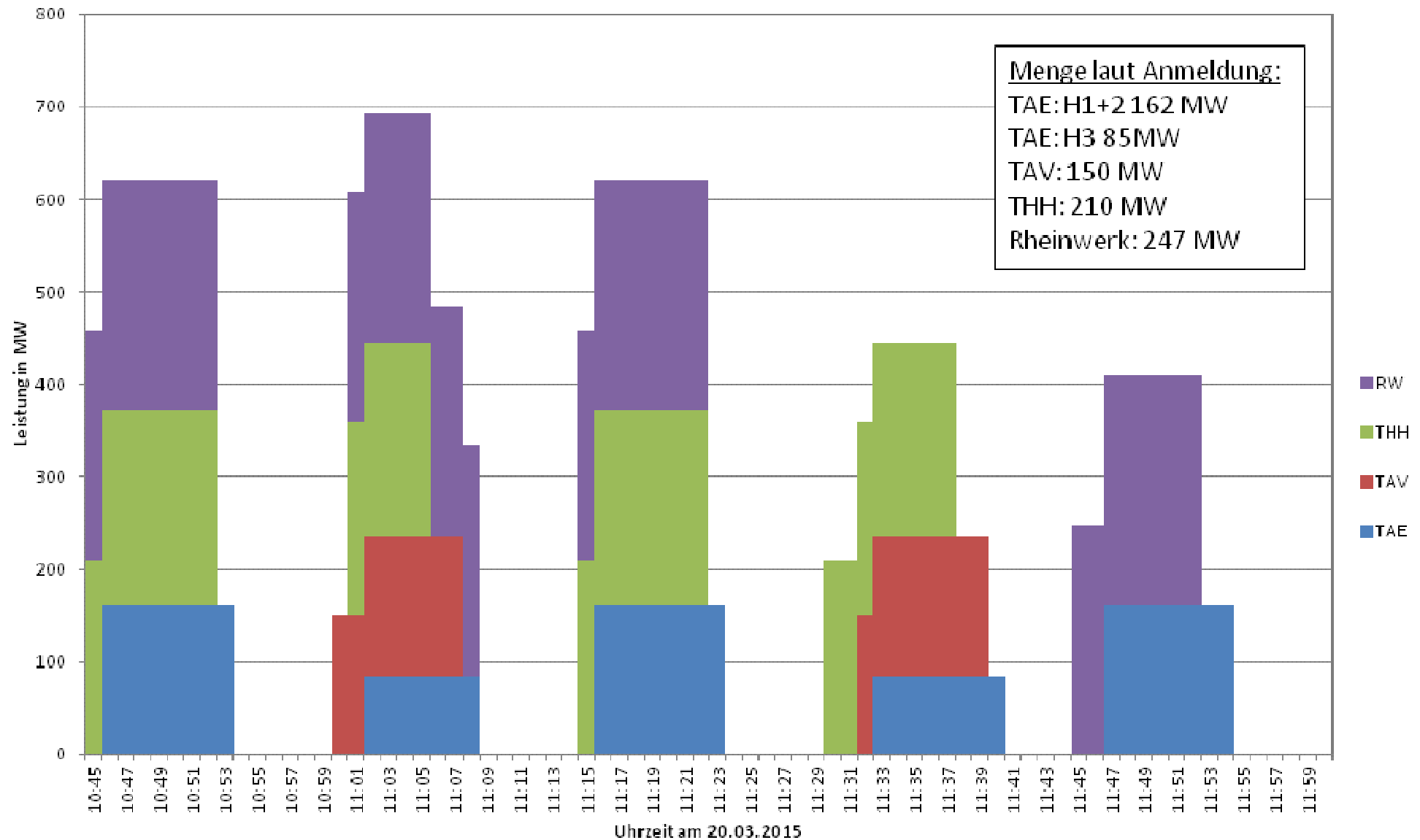
- **Standard Energy Reserve mechanisms**
 - Primary & secondary reserve
 - Interruptibility (e.g. requested during the 2015 solar eclipse!)
- **Black Start support (after blackout)**
- **Demand-Response mechanisms**
 - „Virtual Battery“ for the integration of volatile generation capacity



Best example: Solar Eclipse 20.03.2015



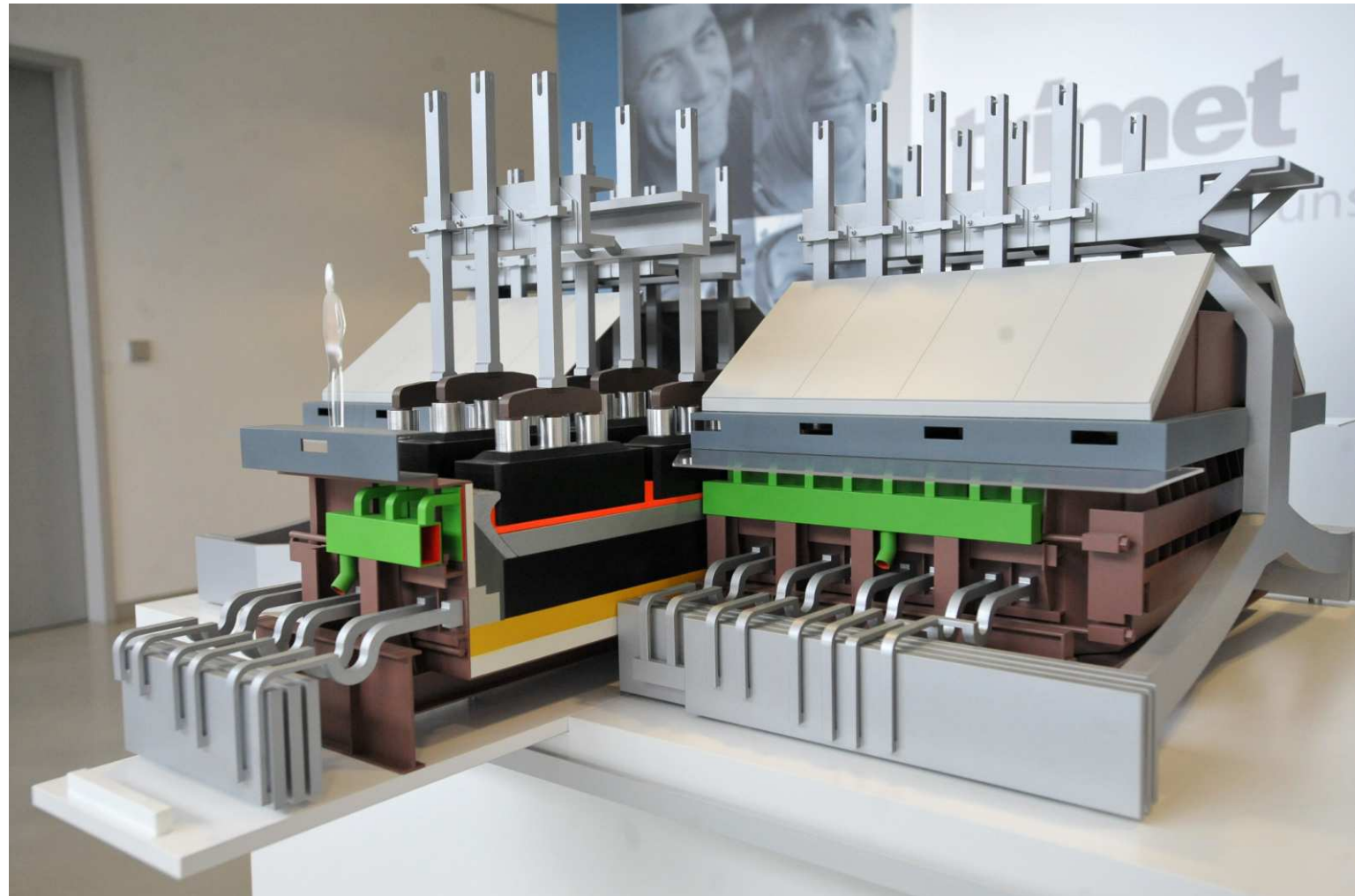
Abgerufene Leistung aller Werke

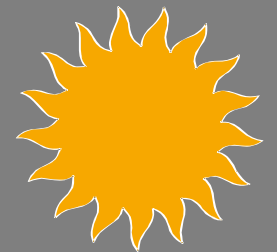
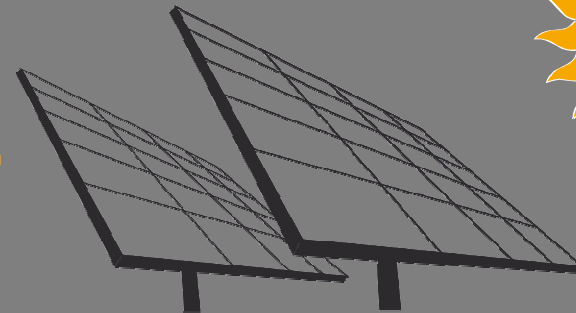
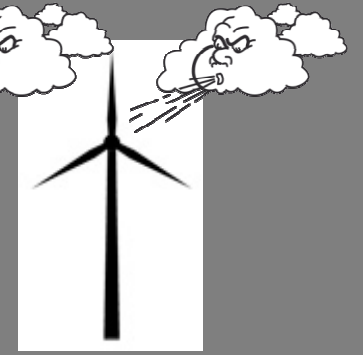
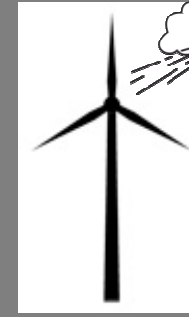
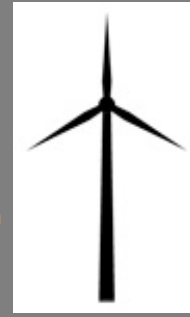


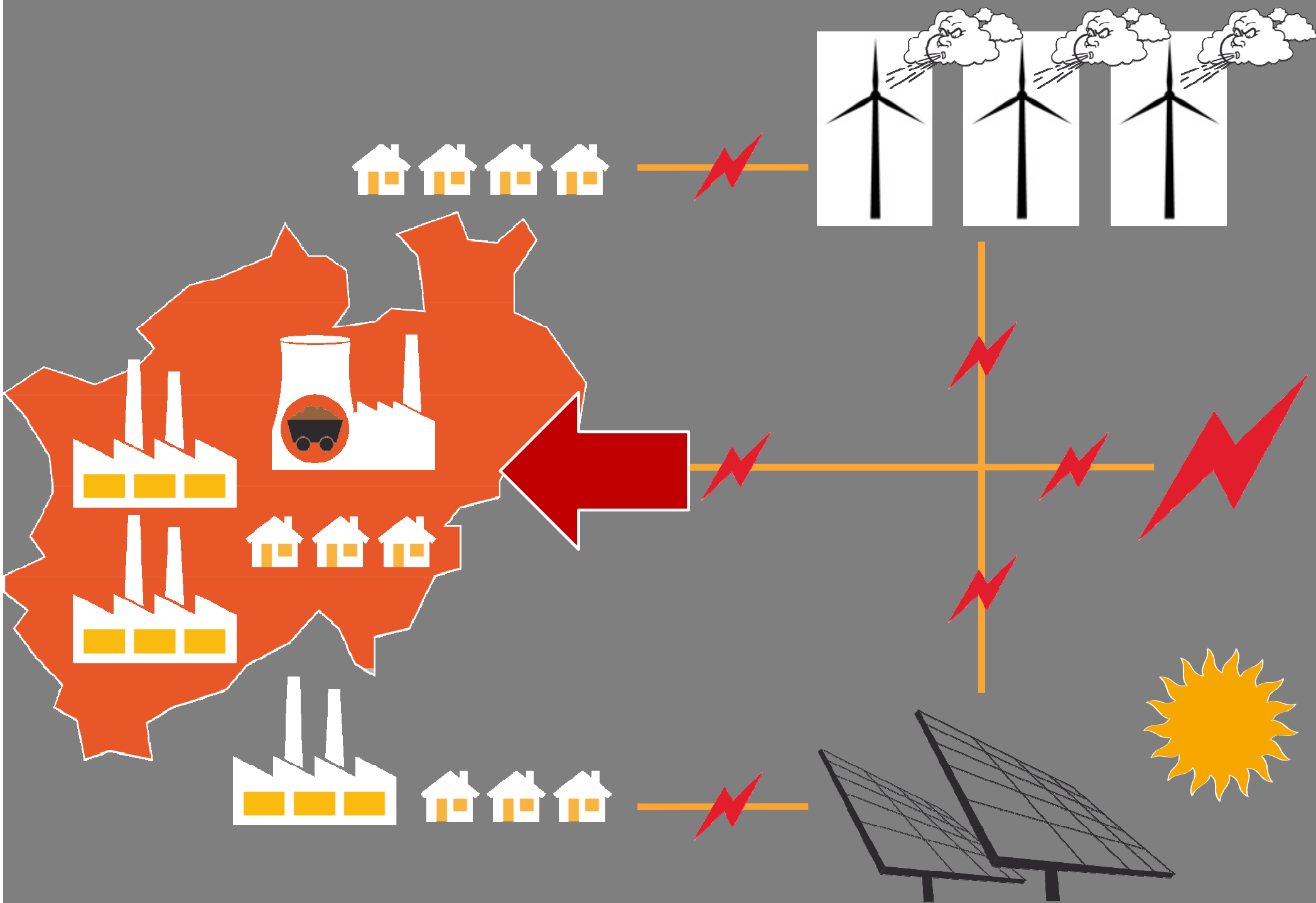
TRIMET's contribution

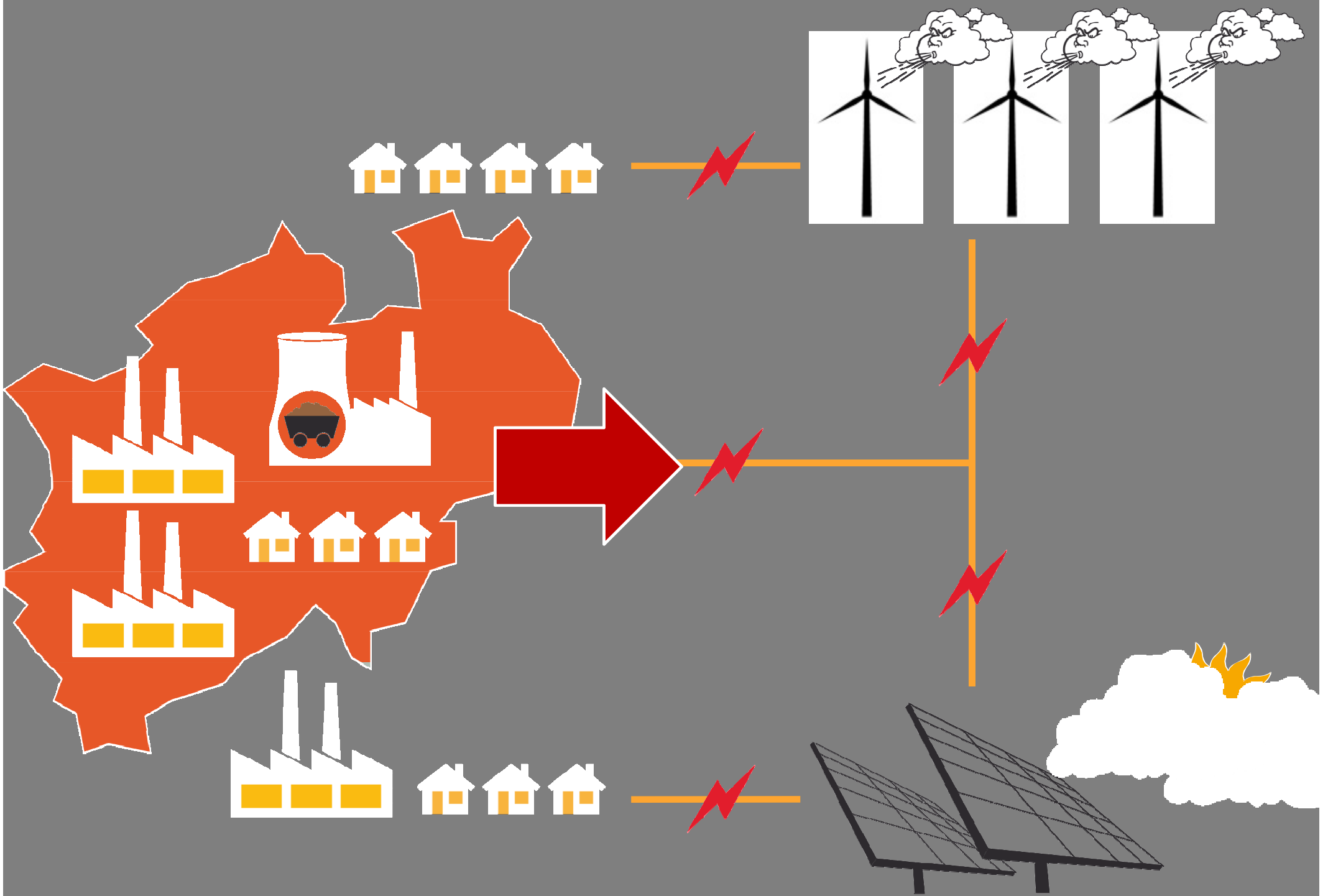


The „Virtual Battery“



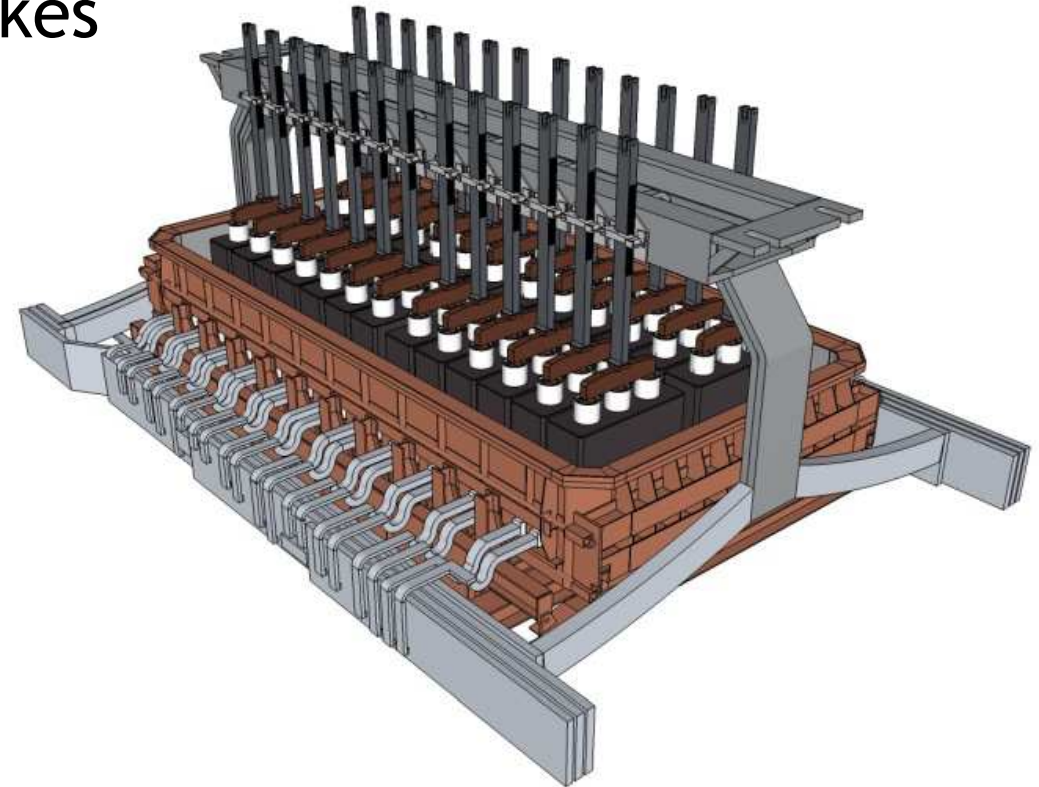






Why is that a Challenge? - Temperature

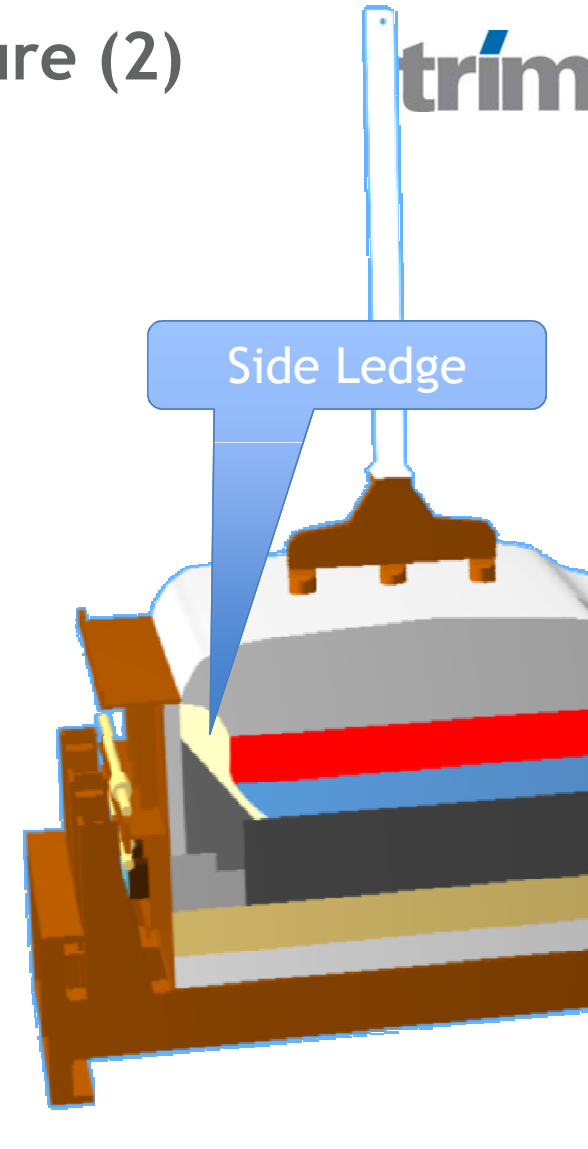
- Aluminium electrolysis takes place close to 1000 °C
- The electrolyte is a molten salt
- Sole heating is by the electrical current passing through the cell



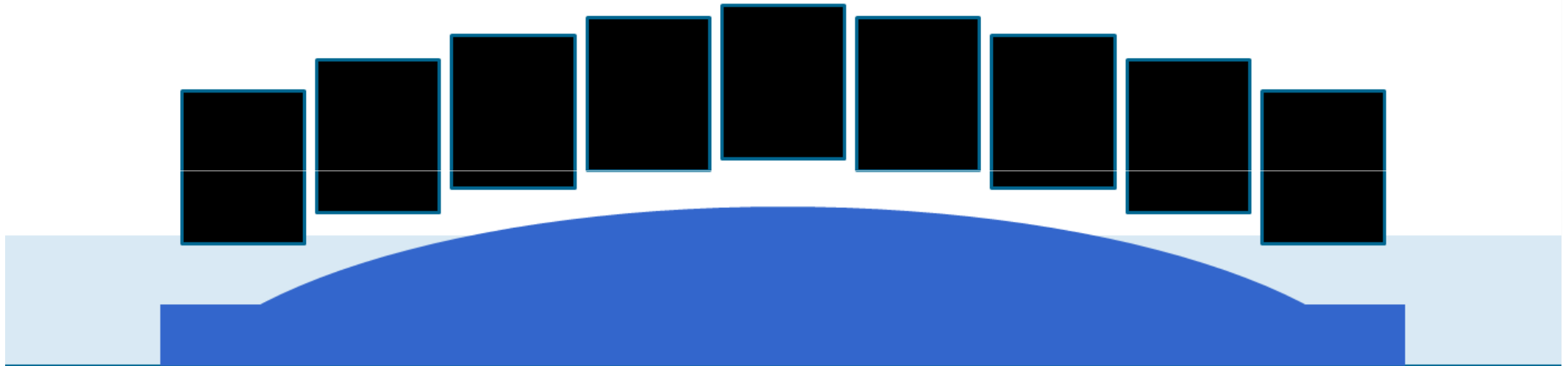
→ Lowering energy input will lead to partial or total freezing of the electrolyte inhibiting electrical current flow

Why is that a challenge ? - Temperature (2)

- The molten salt can also dissolve the refractory
 - Thus, the electrolyte is only slightly above melting point ($<10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 - A protective ledge forms on the refractory
- Increasing the heat input will dissolve the side ledge, damaging the cell lining and eventually leading to leakage

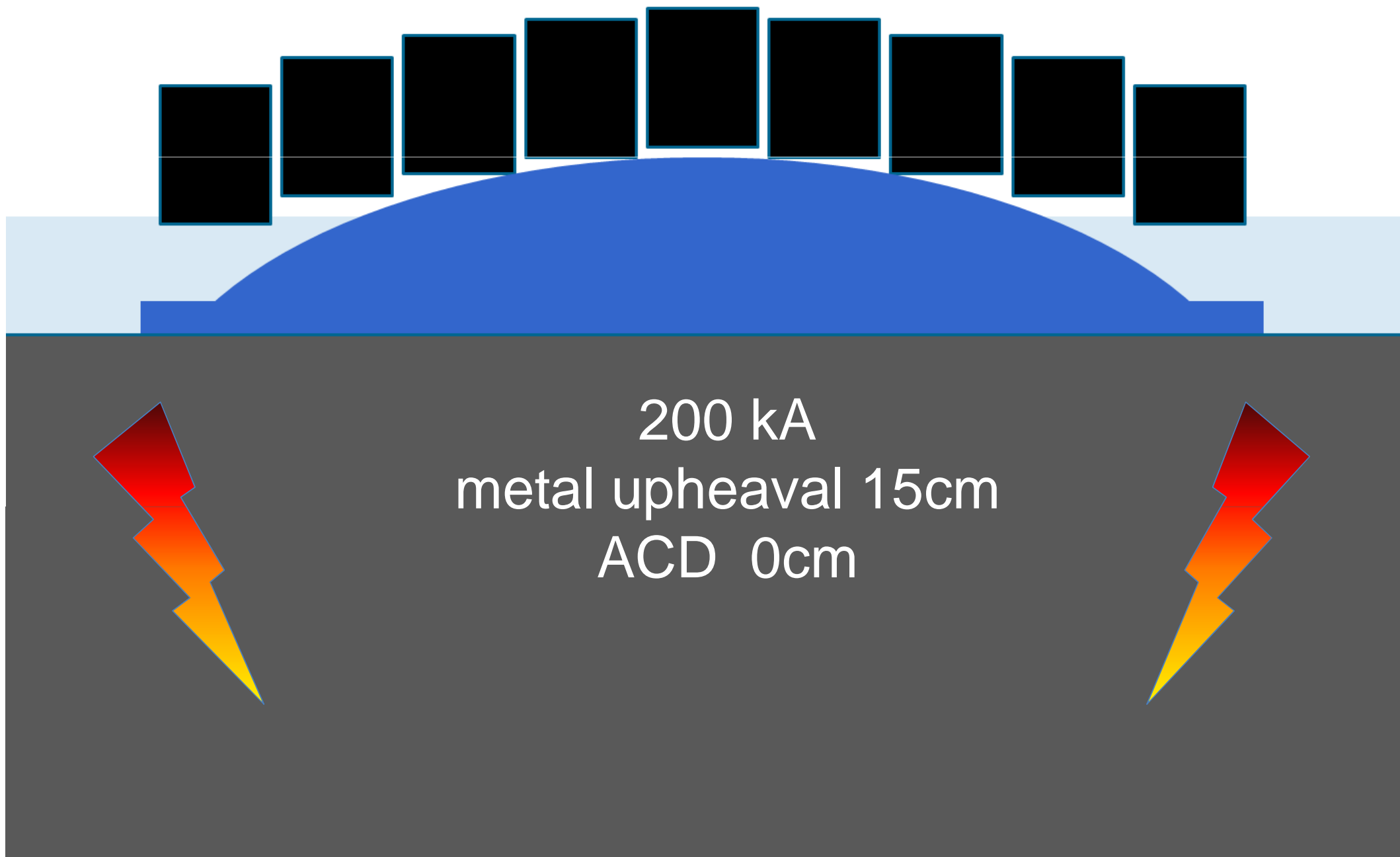


Why is that a challenge ? - Magnetic field



160 kA
metal upheaval 10cm
ACD 5cm

Why is that a challenge ? - Magnetic field (2)



The potentials of the Virtual Battery



Current (conventional) operation:

95 MW Baseload per potline,
constant during 8,760 h p.a.

Future:

Flexible Operation within +/- 25% Band for 48 h

Flexibility: +/- 25 MW

Storage capacity: 25 MW x 48h = 1.200 MWh

Storage capacity is equal to that
provided by a pump storage!

More than 50%
already achieved!

Advantages / disadvantages



+

- Attractive specific storage costs
- No acceptance issues in society
- No added environmental impact
- No long approval procedures
- High storage efficiency
- No added land usage

-

- Financing added operational costs
- Funding of required investments



Energy efficiency & energy storage **trimet**

Building bridges to help make Germany's
Energiewende a success!





Virtual Battery - How?

Operational challenges

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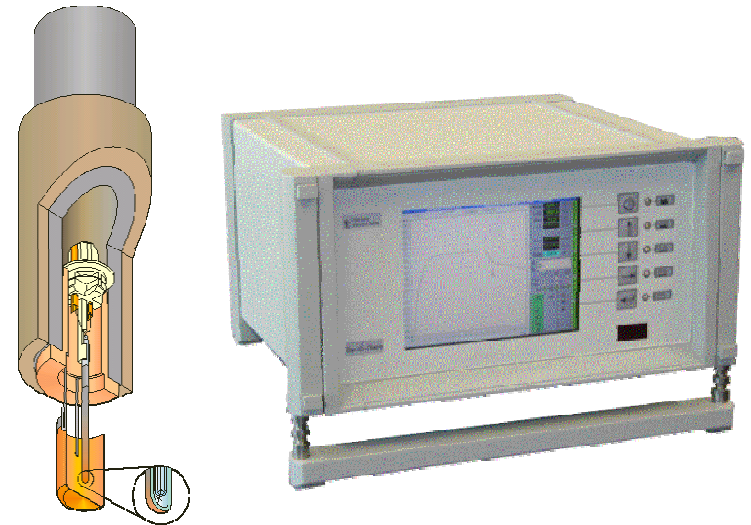
1. Thermal

- i. Short term changes
- ii. Long term changes



2. Magnetic

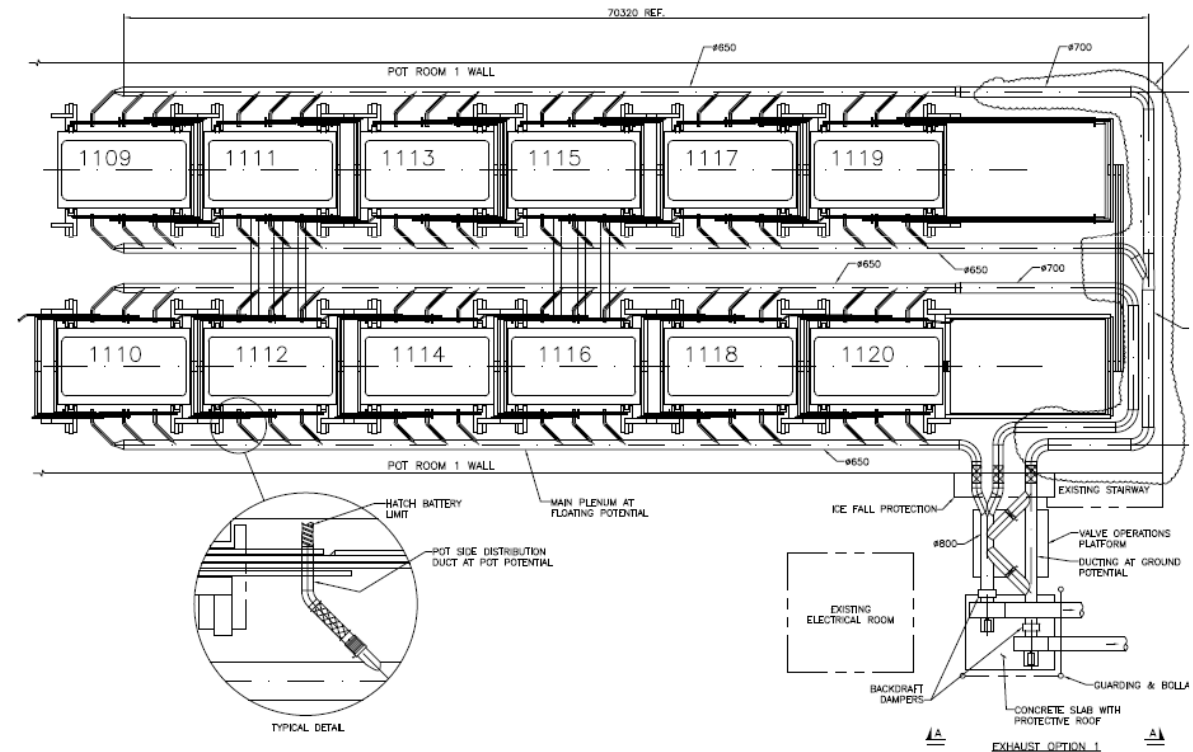
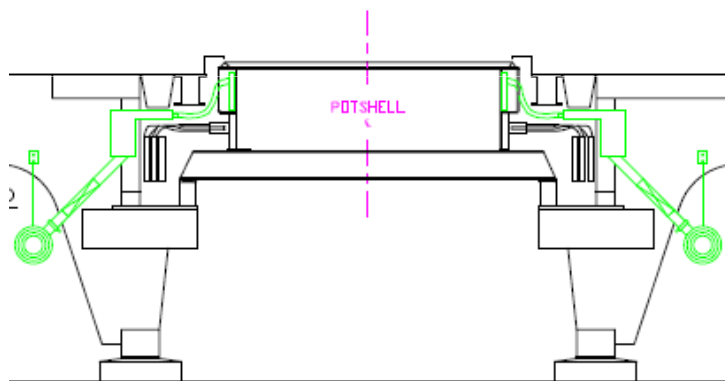
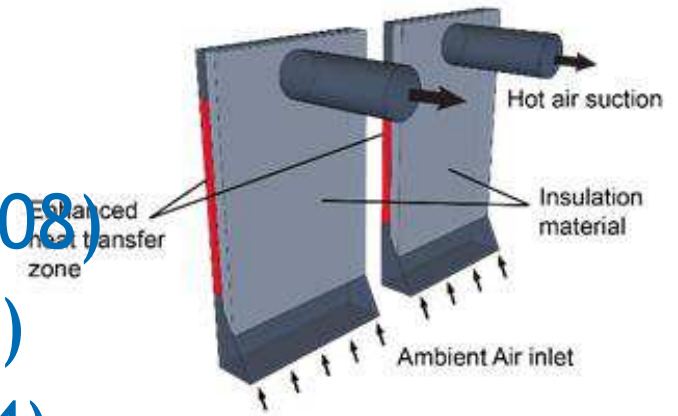
- i. Short term changes
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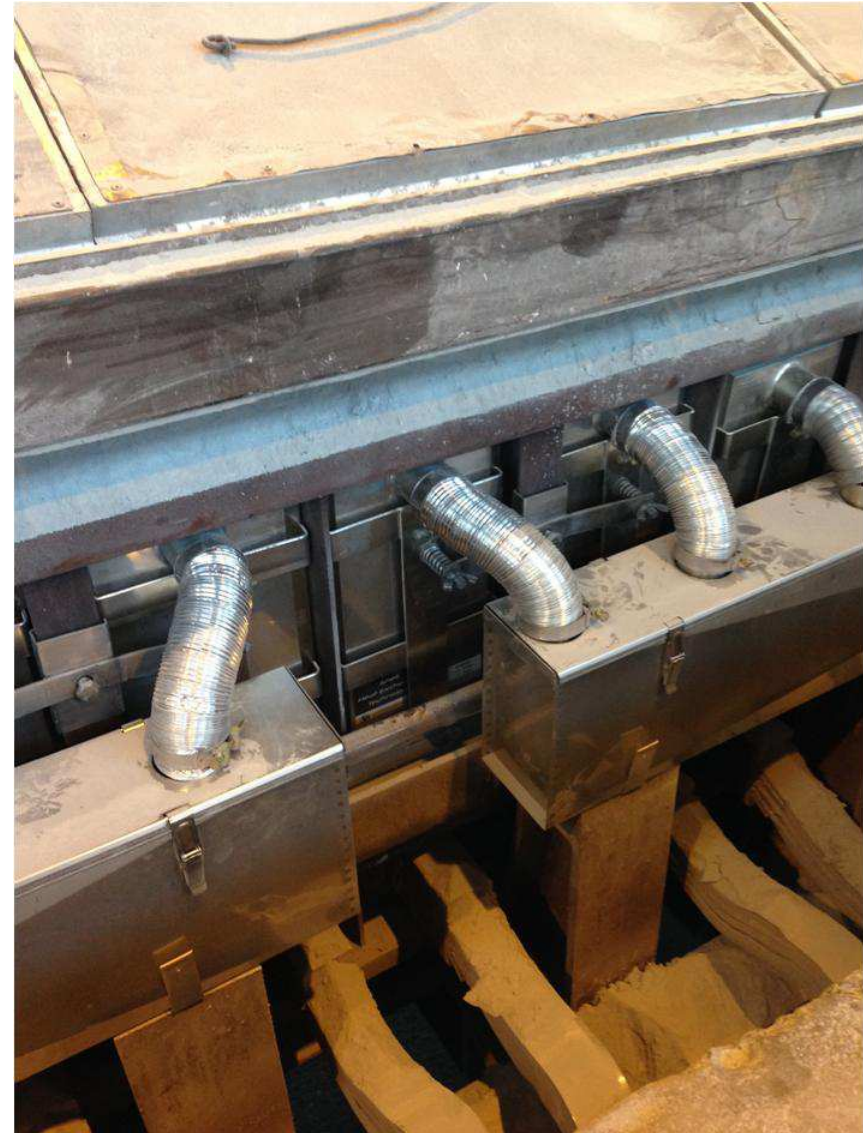
Stages in the project

1. Peak shaving (2003)
2. Modulation without modification (2008)
3. First prototype SHE developed (2013)
4. SHE roll-out to 12 Booster cells (2014)
5. Magnetic compensation (2015)

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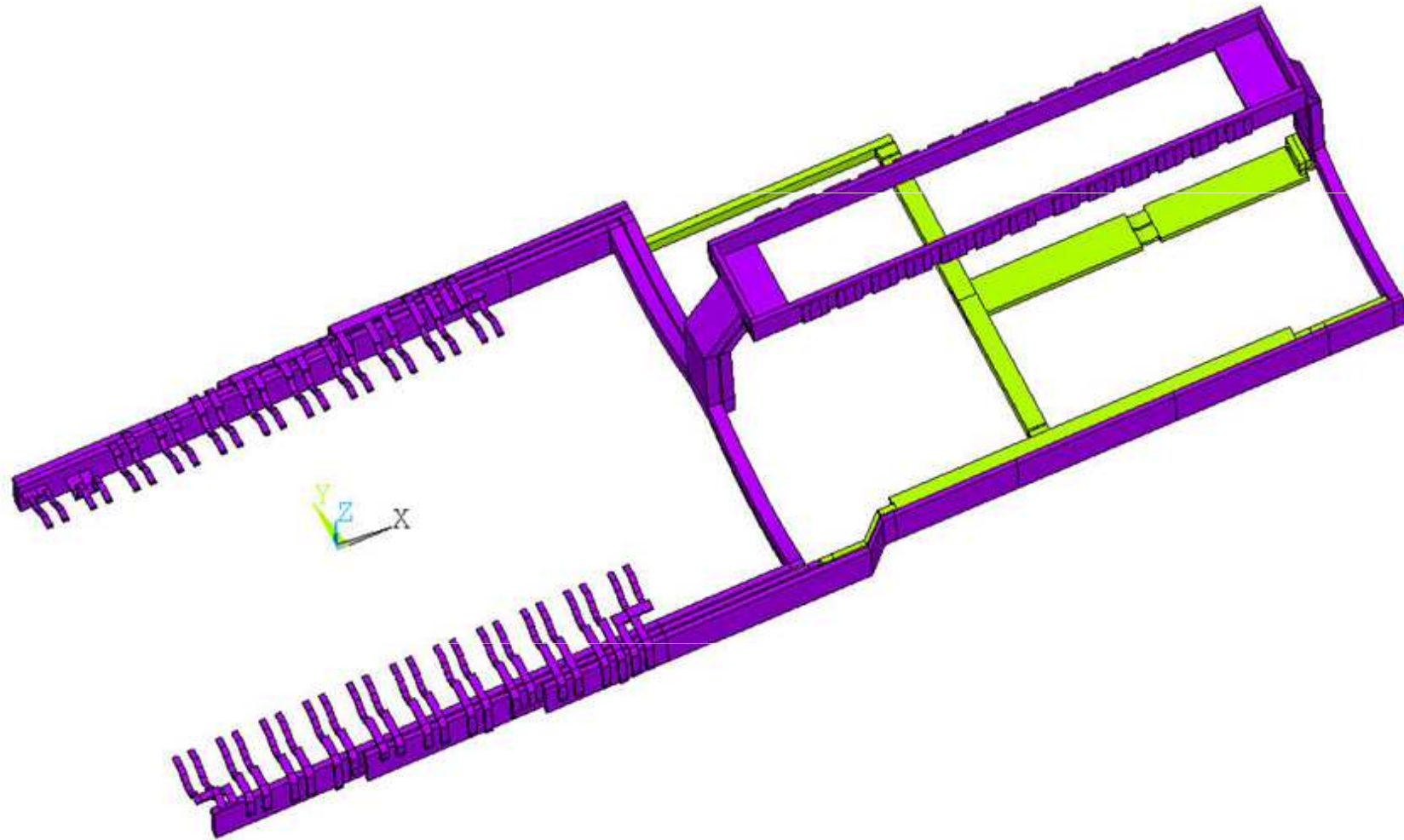
Shell heat exchangers („SHE“)



Duct & fan system for SHE



Magnetic Field Compensation



Magnetic compensation

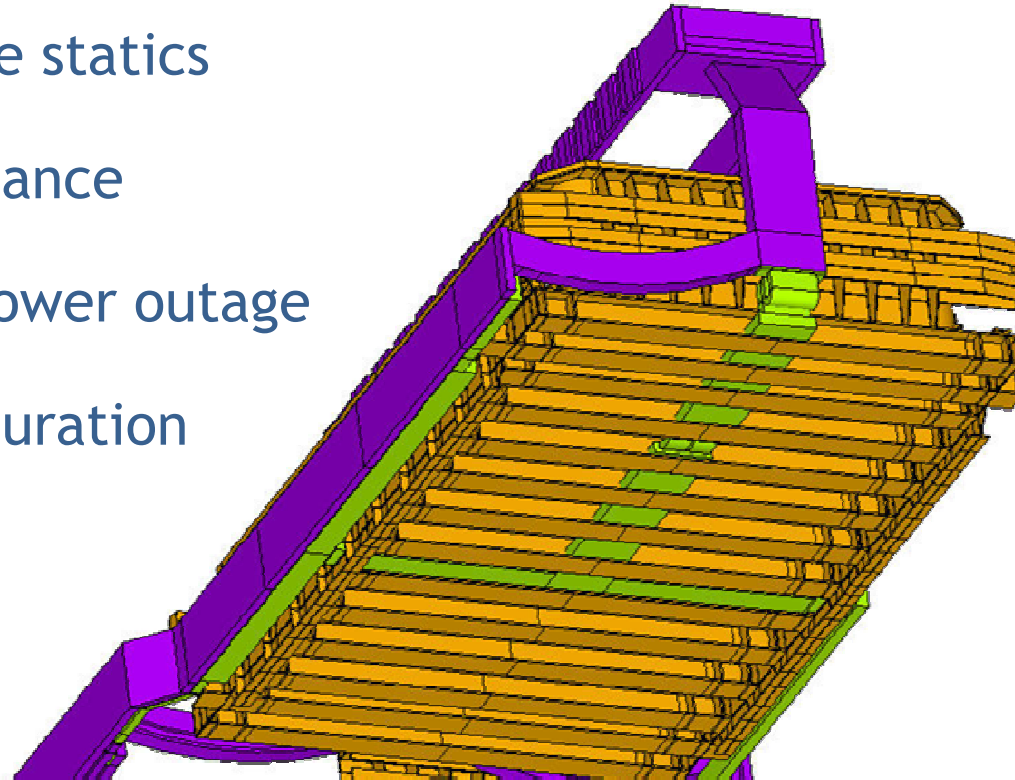




Challenges of install additional bus bars

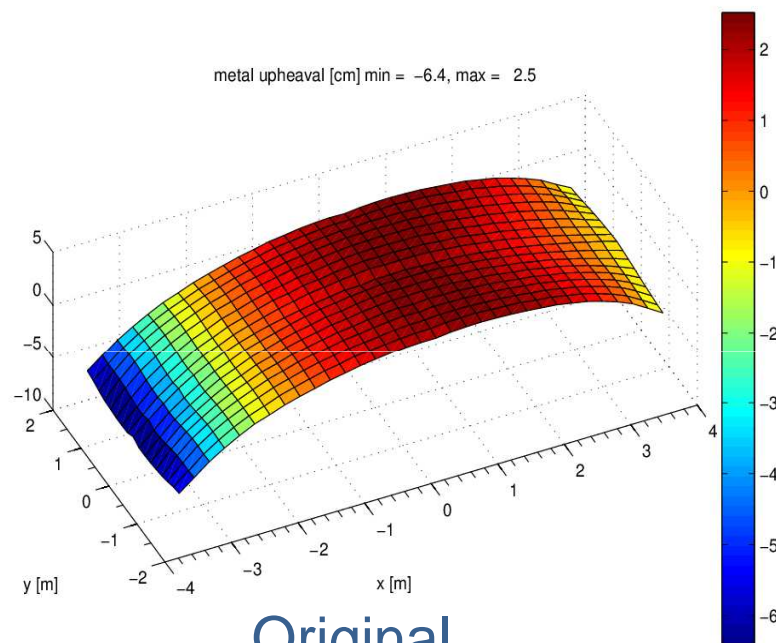
About 6t of additional bus bar were installed per cell

- Steel sheel and potline statics
- Minimal contact resistance
- Welding only during power outage
- Limited number and duration of power outages
- Continued operation
- Time constrains

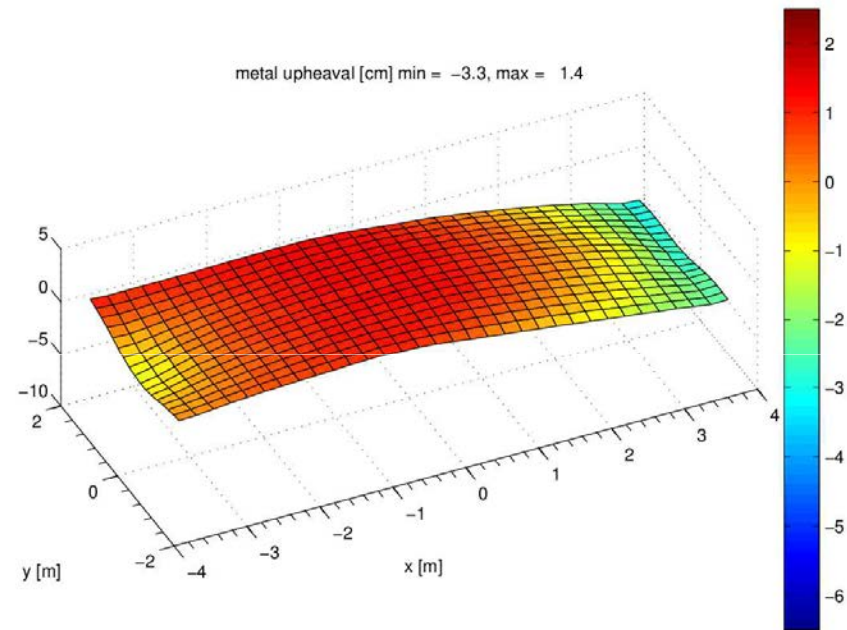


Magnetic compensation - the results

- Reduce metall upheaval from ~9cm to ~4cm
- Reduce ohmic resistance of the bus bars
- more uniform current distribution in the lining

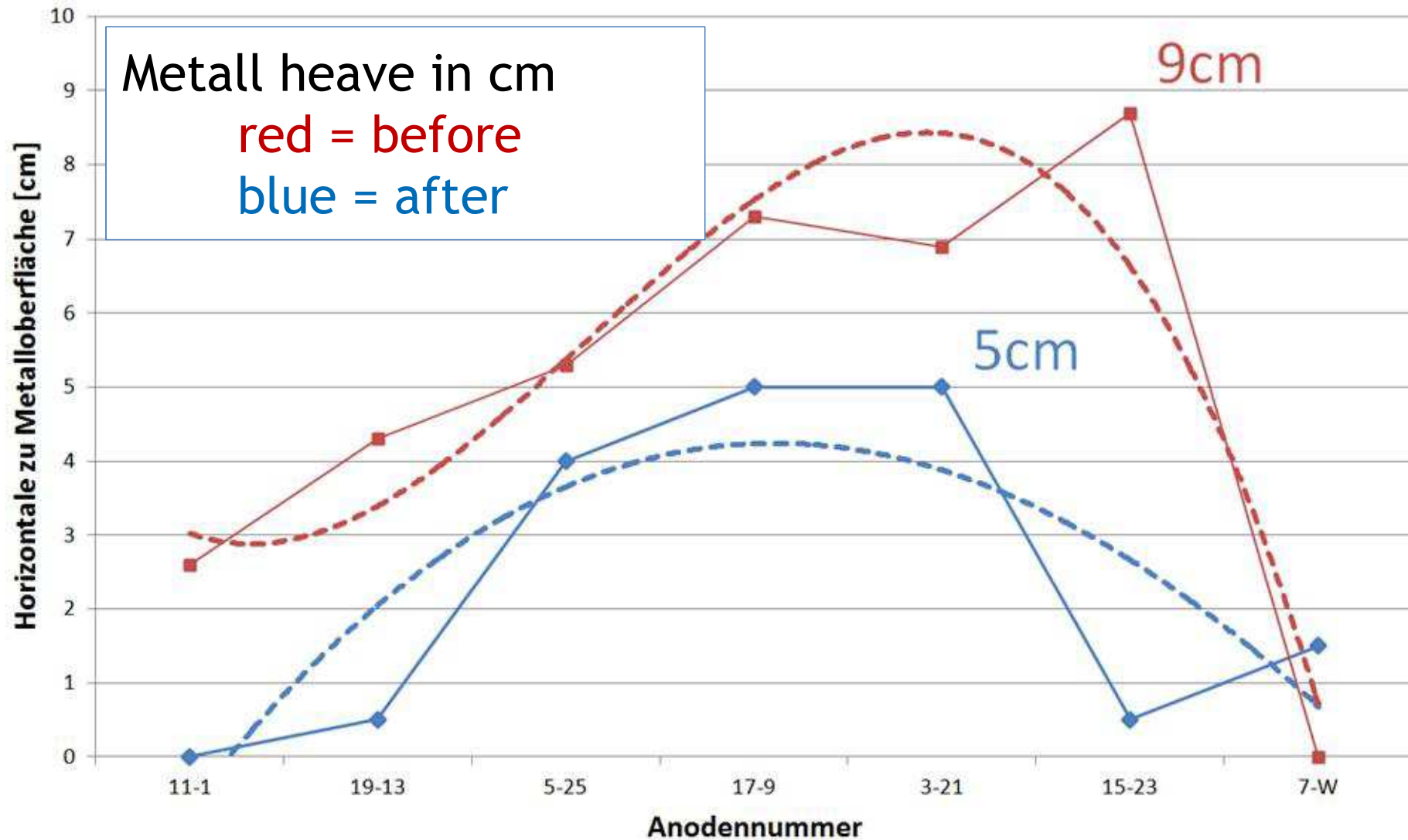


Original
upheaval



Optimized
upheaval

Change in metal heave due to compensation

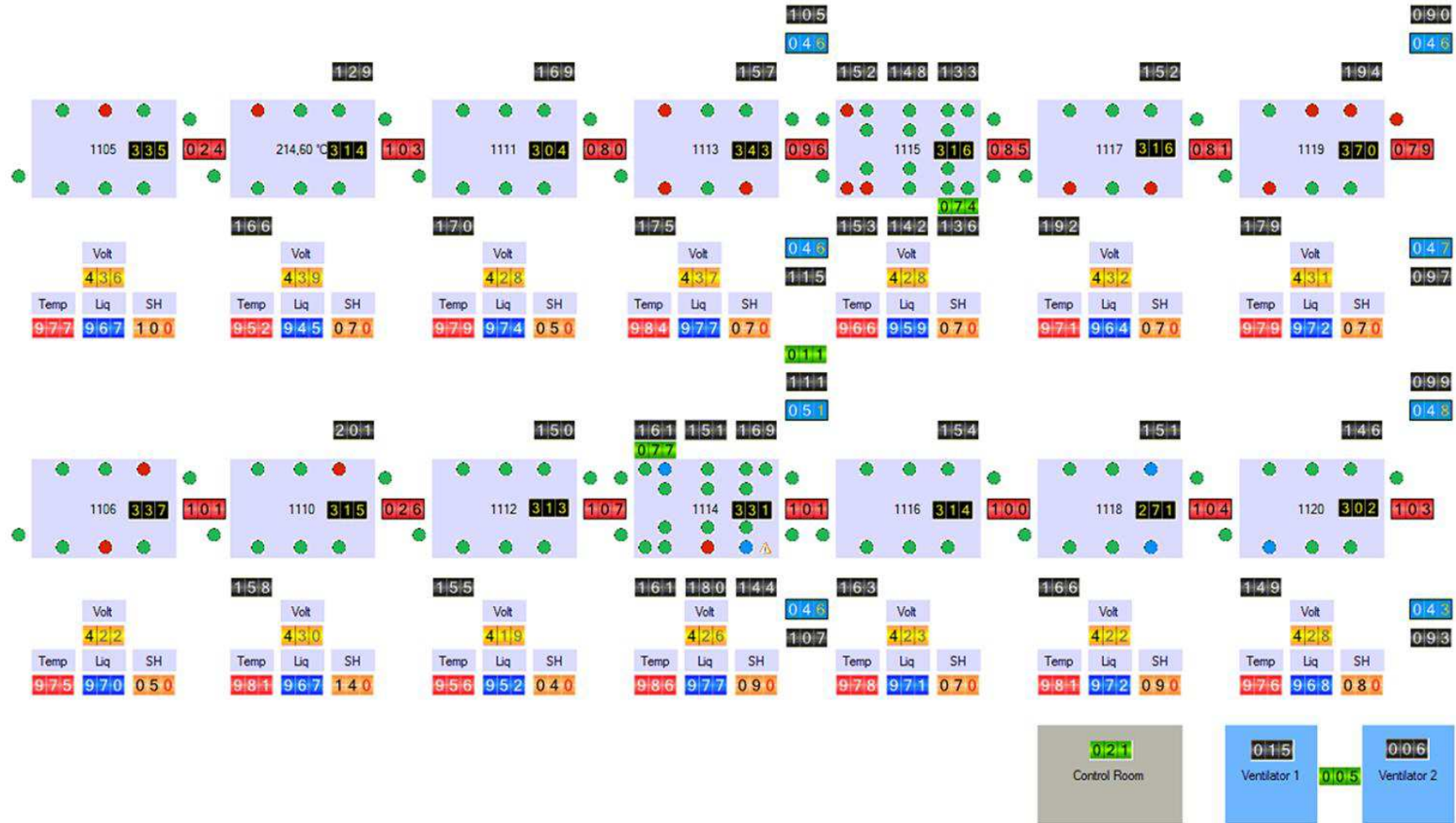


Cell control system

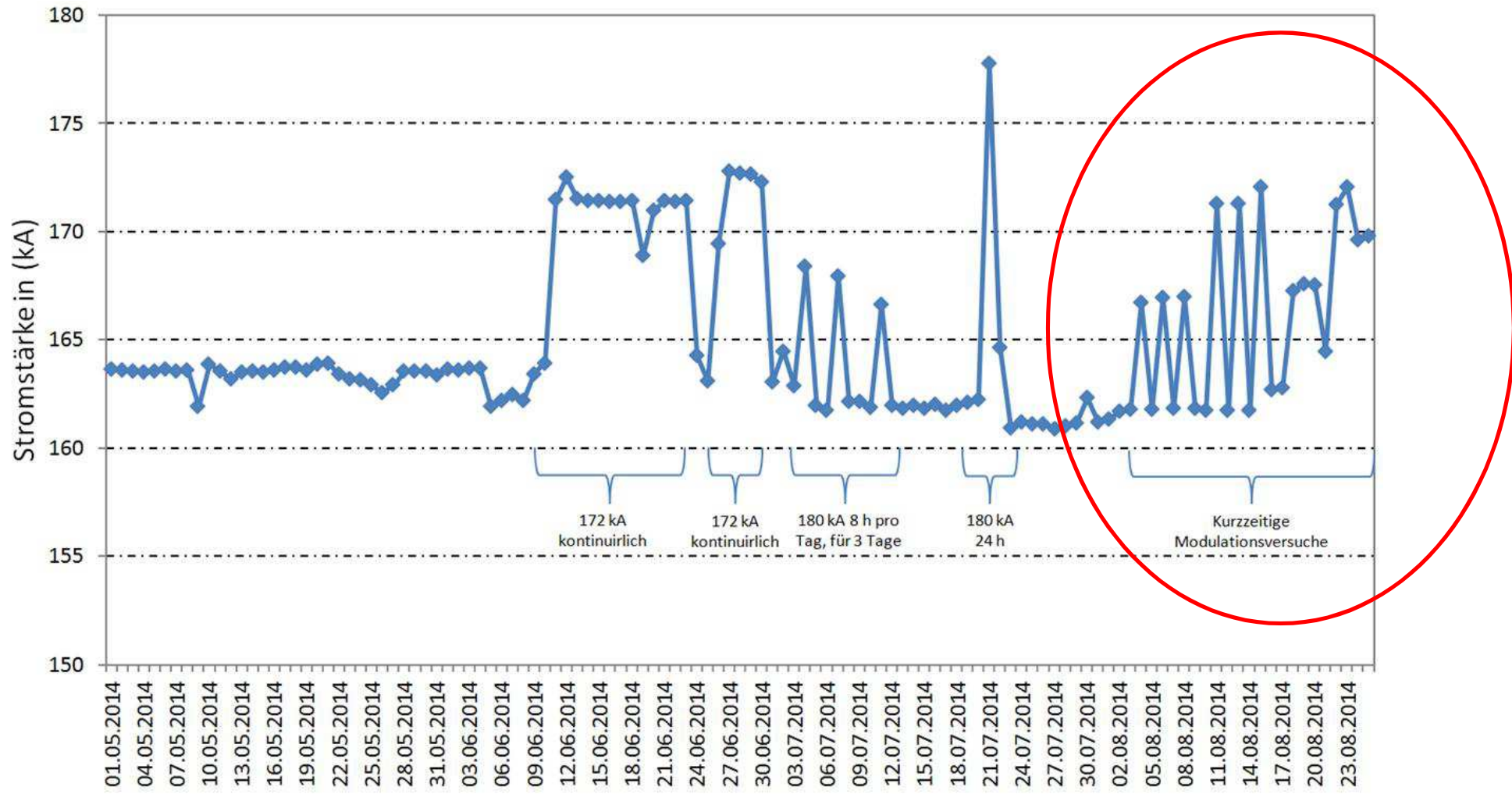


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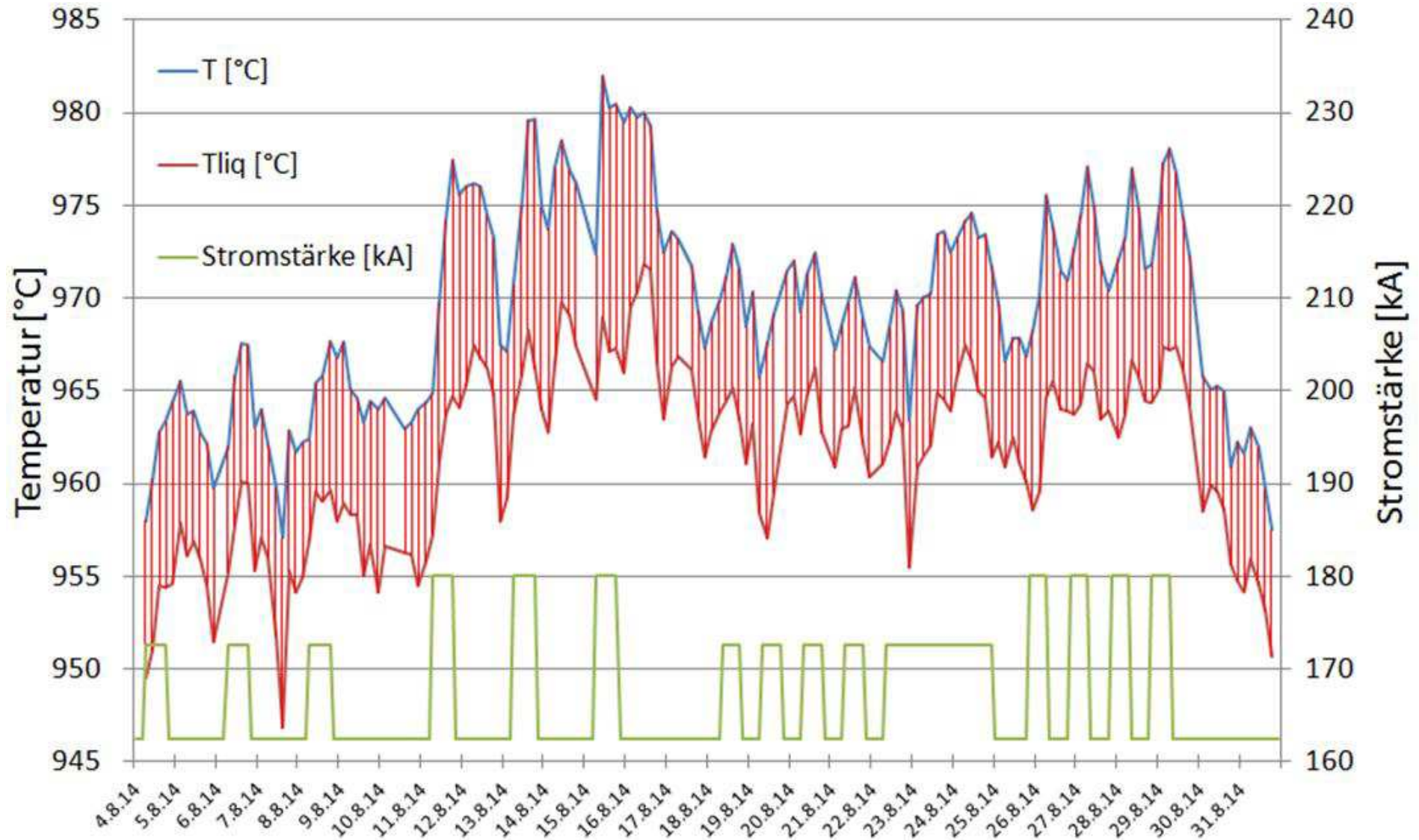
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Early trials



Reaction of temperature & liquidus



Proven modulation capability

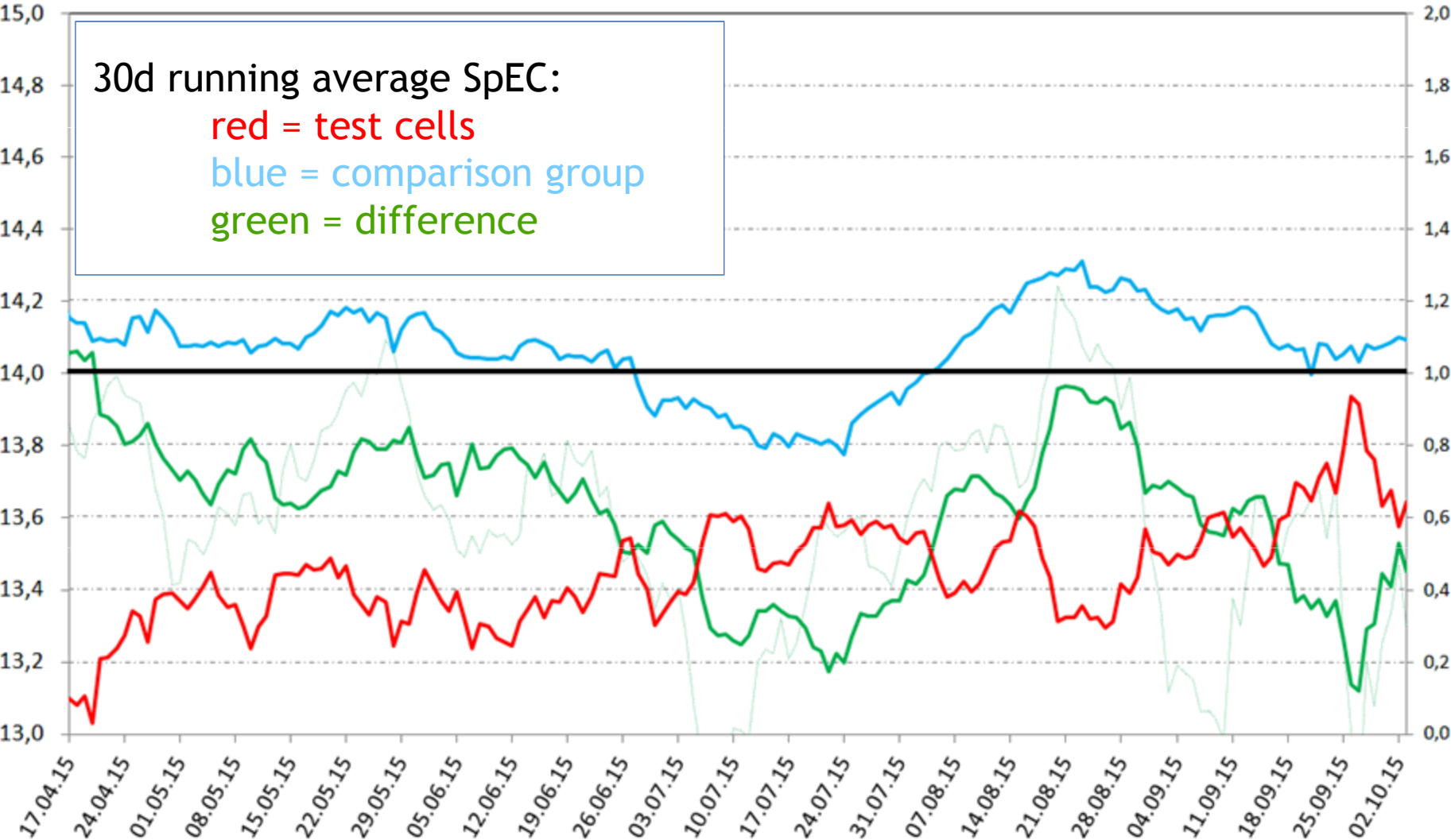


Effect of magnetic compensation

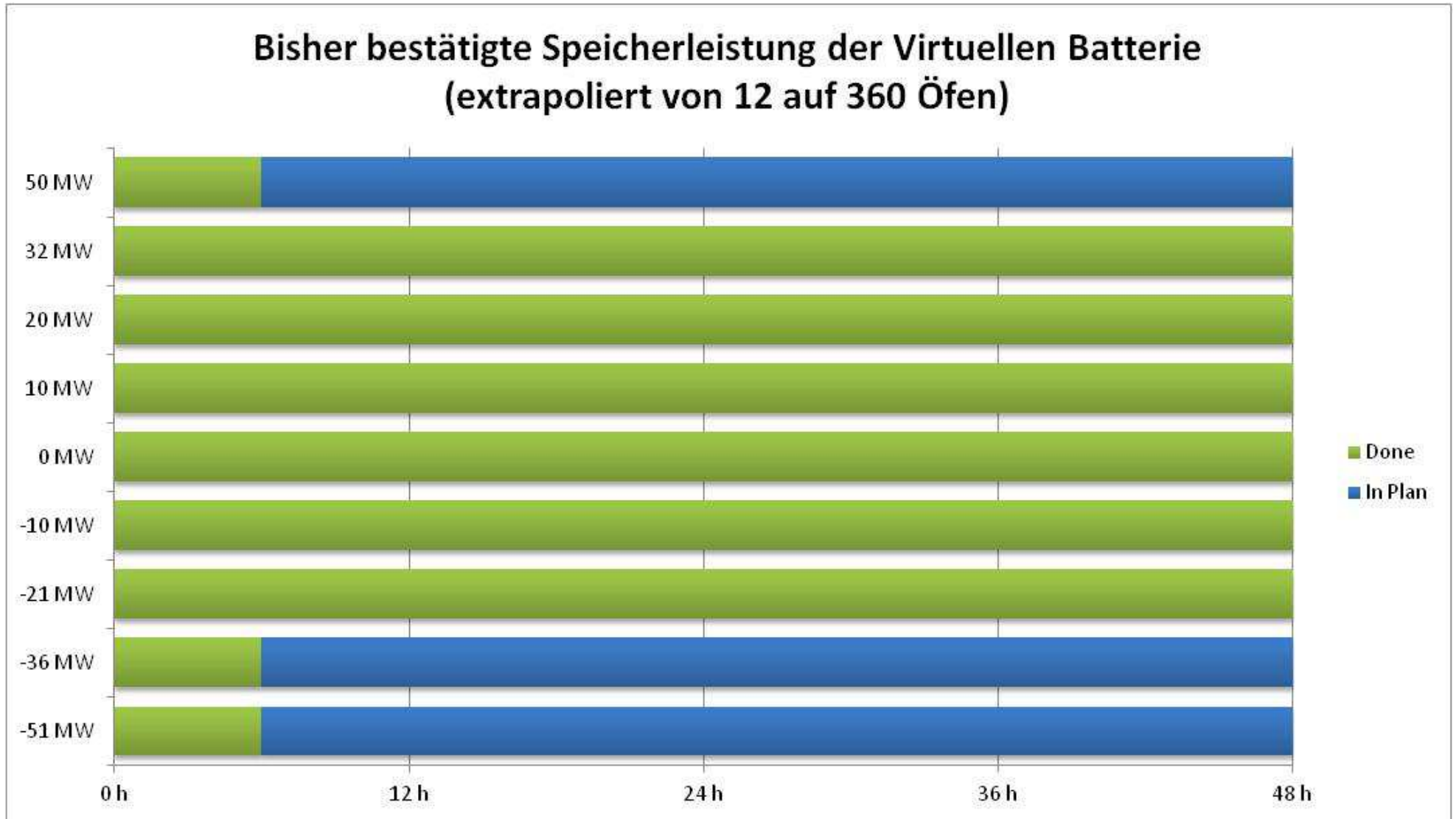


Energieverbrauch DC kWh/kg

(Reine Saugmengen ohne Auslauf und Ausbruch Metall)



Status of trials (July 2016)



Next steps

- Push the boundaries to +/- 25% modulation, after confirmed good performance at -13/+25% so far.
- Implement Energy Counter to keep track of cell heat status and improve cell control when modulating.
- Improve bath chemistry control.
- Align work practices with modulation.
- Optimize cell lining design.
- Explore how to make use of extracted heat.
- Roll-out to full potline

“It’s not the strongest of the species that survives, nor the most intelligent. It is the one that is most adaptable to change”

Charles Darwin





Thank you for your Attention!

Dr. Till Reek
till.reek@trimet.de